

Mathematics II

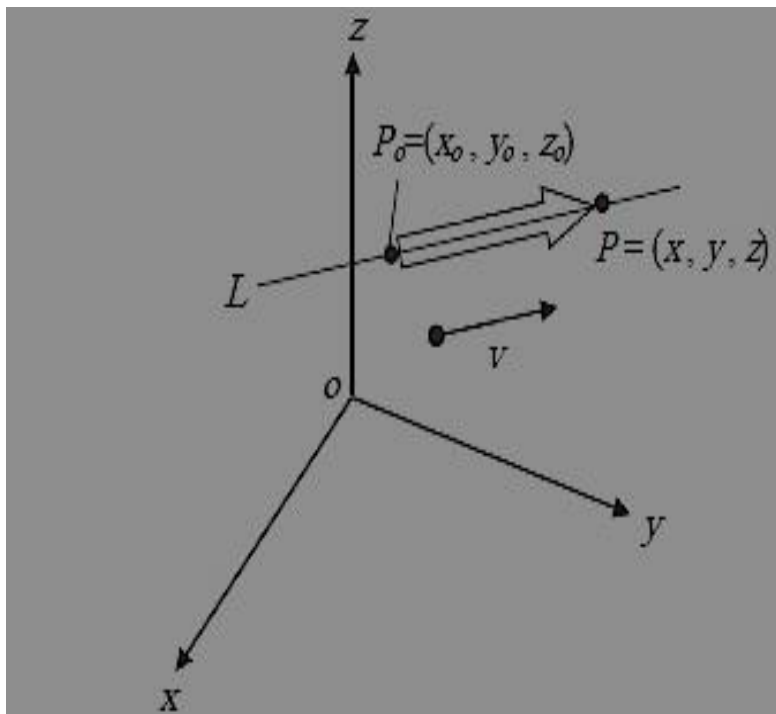
Revision:

- 1. Vectors analysis including parametric equations for lines in space**
- 2. Vectors analysis including parametric equations for planes in space.**
- 3. Vectors analysis/angle between two planes.**
- 4. Vectors analysis/intersection line & plane.**
- 5. Vector Functions**
- 6. Integral of vector function and distance along the curve.**
- 7. Unit tangent and normal vector for curve.**
- 8. Curvature, Torsion & binormal vector**
- 9. Polar Coordinates**
- 10. Function of two or more variables**
- 11. Partial derivative**
- 12. Directional derivative**
- 13. Tangent planes and normal lines**
- 14. The extremes (max,min & saddle points)**

1. Vectors analysis including parametric equations for lines in space:-

Equation lines in space:

Suppose that L is a line in space through a point $P_0(x_0, y_0, z_0)$ Parallel to a vector $v = ai + bj + ck$, then L is the set of all points $p(x, y, z)$ for which P_0P is parallel to v . thus $P_0P = tv$ for some scalar parameter t . the value of t depend on the location of the point P along the line. the expanded form of the equation:



$$\overrightarrow{P_0P} = tv$$

$$(x - x_0)i + (y - y_0)j + (z - z_0)k = t(ai + bj + ck)$$

$$x - x_0 = ta$$

$$y - y_0 = tb$$

$$z - z_0 = tc$$

From equation above:

The parametric equation for the line through $P_0(x_0, y_0, z_0)$ parallel to $v = ai + bj + ck$:

$$x = x_0 + ta$$

$$y = y_0 + tb$$

$$z = z_0 + tc$$

Example: find parametric equation for the line through the points $P(-3, 2, -3)$ and $Q(1, -1, 4)$

Solution: the vector

$$\overrightarrow{PQ} = (1 - (-3))i + (-1 - 2)j + (4 - (-3))k$$

$$\overrightarrow{PQ} = 4i - 3j + 7k$$

$$\therefore a = 4, \quad b = -3, \quad c = 7$$

$$\therefore \quad x_o = -3 \quad , \quad y_o = 2 \quad , \quad z_o = -3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \quad x = x_o + at & \implies x = -3 + 4t \\ y = y_o + bt & \implies y = 2 - 3t \\ z = z_o + ct & \implies z = -3 + 7t \end{aligned}$$

Example: Find parametric equations for the line through the point $(-2,0,4)$ parallel to the vector $v = 2i + 4j - 2k$

Solution:

With $P_o(x_o, y_o, z_o) = (-2,0,4)$

$$x_o = -2 \quad , \quad y_o = 0 \quad , \quad z_o = 4$$

and $v = ai + bj + ck = 2i + 4j - 2k$

$$a = 2 \quad , \quad b = 4 \quad , \quad c = -2$$

\therefore

$$x = x_o + at \implies x = -2 + 2t$$

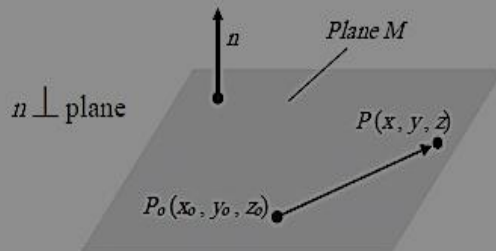
$$y = y_o + bt \implies y = 4t$$

$$z = z_o + ct \implies z = 4 - 2t$$

2.Vectors analysis including parametric equations for planes in space :-

Equation for plane in space:

Suppose that plane M passes through a point $P_o(x_o, y_o, z_o)$ and is normal to the nonzero vector $n = Ai + Bj + Ck$, then M is the set of all points $P(x,y,z)$ for which $\overline{P_oP}$ is orthogonal to n . Thus the dot product



$$n \cdot \overline{P_oP} = 0$$

This equation is equivalent to:

$$(Ai + Bj + Ck) \cdot [(x - x_o)i + (y - y_o)j + (z - z_o)k] = 0$$

$$\boxed{A(x - x_o) + B(y - y_o) + C(z - z_o) = 0} \implies \text{Component equation}$$

This becomes:

$$Ax + By + Cz = Ax_o + By_o + Cz_o$$

$$\boxed{Ax + By + Cz = D} \implies \text{Component equation simplified}$$

Where $D = Ax_o + By_o + Cz_o$

Example: Find an equation for the plane through $P_0(4,2,1)$ normal to $\overline{N} = 5\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$.

Solution//

$$D = Ax_0 + By_0 + Cz_0 = 5 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 2 - 3 \cdot 1 = 21$$

$$Ax + By + Cz = D$$

$$5x + 2y - 3z = 21$$

Example: Find an equation for the plane through $A(1,1,1)$, $B(3,2,4)$ and $C(3,0,3)$.

Solution//

$$= (3-1)\mathbf{i} + (2-1)\mathbf{j} + (4-1)\mathbf{k} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k} \overline{AB}$$

$$= (3-1)\mathbf{i} + (0-1)\mathbf{j} + (3-1)\mathbf{k} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k} \overline{AC}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AB} \times \overline{AC} &= \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= [2 - (-3)]\mathbf{i} - (4 - 6)\mathbf{j} + (-2 - 2)\mathbf{k} \\ &= 5\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$D = Ax_0 + By_0 + Cz_0 = 5 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 1 - 4 \cdot 1 = 3$$

$$5x + 2y - 4z = 3$$