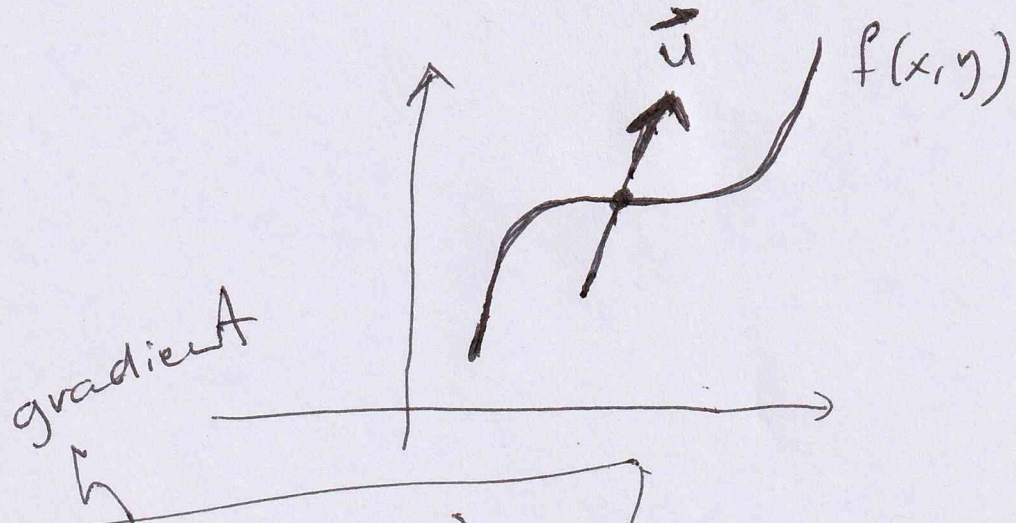


# Directional Derivatives ①

The rate of change of  $f(x,y)$  in the direction of the unit vector  $\vec{u} = \langle a, b \rangle$



$$D_{\vec{u}} f = \frac{\nabla f \cdot \vec{u}}{|\vec{u}|}$$

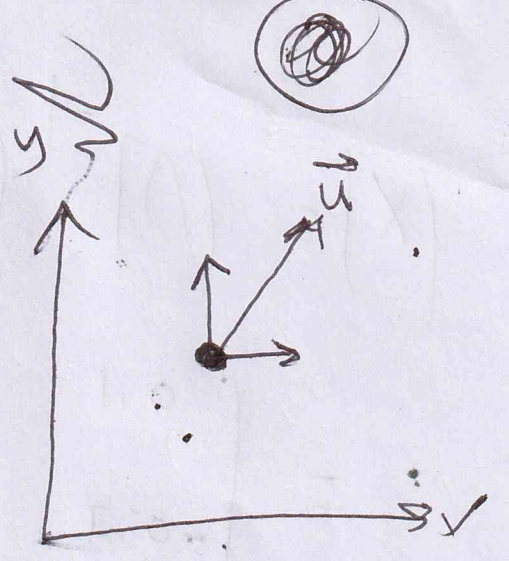
Ex 1 /  $f(x,y) = x^2 + xy$ ,  $\vec{u} = i + 2j$ ,  $(1,1)$   
 $\langle 1, 2 \rangle$

Ex 2 /  $f(x,y) = xe^y + ye^x$ ,  $\vec{u} = i - j$ ,  $(2,1)$

Ex/ what is the directional derivative of

$$f(x,y) = x^2 + xy$$

in the direction  $i + 2j$   
at the point  $(1,1)$



Sol/  $\vec{u} = i + 2j$  (1)  $\vec{u}$  وحدة القيمة (الوحدة) unit vector

(2) إيجاد طول Unit vector

$$|\vec{u}| = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (2)^2} = \sqrt{5}$$

(3) اتجاه المشتقة لـ  $x$  مع تثبيت  $y$  و لـ  $y$  مع تثبيت  $x$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x + y$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x$$

(4) اعوض في المشتقة المعطاة بـ  $x$  و  $y$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 1$$

(5) اتفق الحالة الرئيسية

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = \frac{\nabla f \cdot \vec{u}}{|\vec{u}|} = \frac{(3, 1) \cdot (1, 2)}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{3 + 2}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{5} \text{ Ans}$$

Ex 2 - المسألة الأخرى للبرهان

$$f(x, y) = x e^y + y e^x$$

$\vec{v} = \hat{i} + \hat{j}$  (2, 1) اتجاه المنحني

في النقطة  $y = e^x$

$y = e^x$

$y = 3^x$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = e^y + y e^x \rightarrow e + e^2$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x e^y + e^x \rightarrow 2e + e^2$

$\vec{v} = \hat{i} + \hat{j}$

$|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{2}$

$\vec{u} = \frac{\vec{v}}{|\vec{v}|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{i} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{j}$

$D_{\vec{u}} f(2, 1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e + e^2) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (2e + e^2)$

$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e + e^2 - 2e - e^2)$

$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-e) = \frac{-e}{\sqrt{2}}$

Ans

Ex3 / Find the directional derivative (2) of  $z = e^{x^2} \cos(y) - 2 \ln(x) y^2$  in the direction of the vector  $\vec{v} = (1, 4)$ .

Sol  $D_{\vec{u}} z = \nabla f \cdot \frac{\vec{u}}{|\vec{u}|}$   
 $\vec{v} = i + 4j$

① كثره المتجه الوحدة  
Unit vector

② ايجاد طريق المتجه  
unit vector

$$|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (4)^2} = \sqrt{17}$$

$$\vec{u} = \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{17}}, \frac{4}{\sqrt{17}} \right)$$

③ نجه المتجه ل x و y

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 2e^x \cos(y) - \frac{2y^2}{x}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -e^{x^2} \sin(y) - 4 \ln(x) y$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} z = ( \cdot , \cdot ) \cdot ( \cdot , \cdot )$$

$$= \left( 2e^x \cos(y) - \frac{2y^2}{x} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{17}} \right) +$$

$$\left( -e^{x^2} \sin(y) - 4 \ln(x) y \right) \cdot \left( \frac{4}{\sqrt{17}} \right)$$

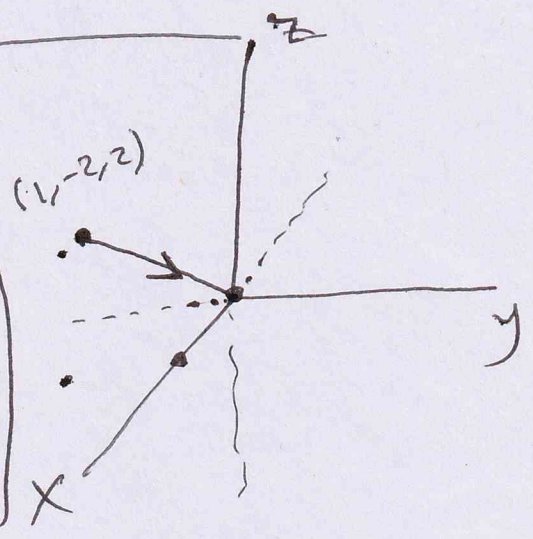
Ans

EX4/Find the directional derivative (3)

of the function  $f(x,y,z) = 3xy + z^2$

at the point  $(1, -2, 2)$  in the direction from that toward the origin.

Sol  $u = \langle -1, 2, -2 \rangle$



هذا الخطأ / عند السير من نقطة معينة إلى مركز النقطه من اجل الحصول على unit vector  
 (0,0,0) تحتاج لتغير الاشارة = لانك  
 unit vector

$$|\vec{u}| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (2)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$\langle \vec{u} \rangle = \left( \frac{-1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{-2}{3} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla f(x,y,z) &= \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right) \\ &= (3y, 3x, 2z) \end{aligned}$$

$$= (-6, 3, 4)$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = (-6 \cdot \frac{-1}{3}) + (\frac{3 \times 2}{3}) + (\frac{4 \times -2}{3}) = 2 + 2 + \frac{-8}{3}$$

$\frac{4}{3}$  Ans

Ex 5 Let  $w = 2x^2 y^4 z$ . Determine the (4)  
rate of change of  $w$  in the direction of  
the vector  $\vec{u} = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}}\right)$  at  $(1, 2, 3)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sol. } \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} &= 4xy^4z, & 4(1)(2)^4(3) &= 192 \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} &= 8x^2y^3z, & 8(1)^2(2)^3(3) &= 192 \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} &= 2x^2y^4, & 2(1)^2(2)^4 &= 32 \end{aligned}$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} w = (192, 192, 32) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{192}{\sqrt{14}} + \frac{192 \cdot 2}{\sqrt{14}} + \frac{32 \cdot 3}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$= \frac{672}{\sqrt{14}} \quad \text{ANS}$$

Ex 6/ Let  $f(x, y, z) = x y e^{x^2 + z^2 - 5}$  (5)

calculate the gradient of  $(f)$  at the point  $(1, 3, -2)$  and find the directional derivative at the same point of the vector  $v = (3, -1, 4)$ .

Sol  $v = 3i - j + 4k$

$$|v| = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-1)^2 + (4)^2} = \sqrt{26}$$

$$u = \left( \frac{3}{\sqrt{26}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{26}}, \frac{4}{\sqrt{26}} \right)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} =$   $x^2 + z^2 - 5$  H.W

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} =$   $x e^{x^2 + z^2 - 5}$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} =$   $2 x y z e^{x^2 + z^2 - 5}$

$D_u f =$