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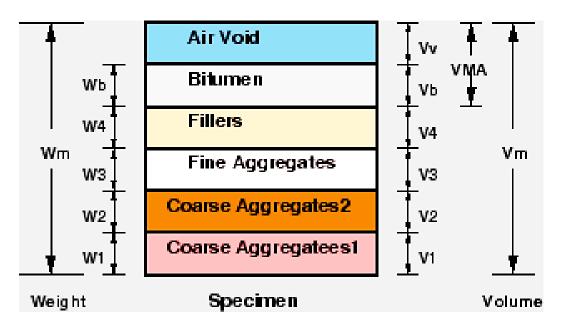
Al-Mustaqbal University College

Building & Construction Engineering Technology Department



# "HIGHWAY ENGINEERING" 3rd Stage

((Analysis of Marshall Specimen "Mass-Volume Relationship" ارتحلیل عینهٔ مارشال))





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## **Analysis of Mixture (Mass-Volume Relationship)**

Va = volume of air voids in total mix

 $Vs_1$  = volume of effective asphalt

 $Vs_2$  = volume of absorbed asphalt

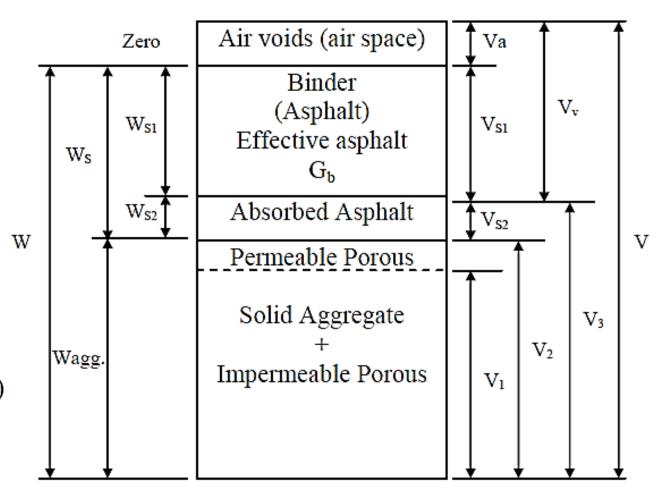
 $V_1$  = apparent volume of aggregate

 $V_2$  = effective volume of aggregate

 $V_3$  = bulk volume of aggregate

V = total volume of mixture

Vv = voids of aggregate (Voids in mineral aggregate)





Bulk  $G_A$  = bulk specific gravity of combined aggregate

Bulk G<sub>A</sub> = 
$$\frac{100}{\frac{\%\text{course}}{\text{Gs(course)}} + \frac{\%\text{fine}}{\text{Gs(file)}} + \frac{\%\text{filler}}{\text{Gs(filler)}}}$$

$$P_S + P_A = 100\% \rightarrow P_A = 100 - P_S$$
 (2)

 $P_S$  = total % of asphalt (by wt. of total mix)

 $P_A = \%$  of aggregate (by wt. of total mix)

Effective GA = 
$$\frac{100 - P_S}{\frac{100}{Gm} - \frac{P_S}{Gs}}$$



Max Gm: max. theoretical sp. gr. of mix

Effective GA: effective sp. gr. of mix

Calculated max. Gm = 
$$\frac{W}{V - Va} = \frac{100}{\frac{P_s}{Gs} + \frac{100 - P_s}{effectiveG_A}}$$

Actual Gm = 
$$\frac{W}{V} = \frac{W_{air}}{W_{air} - W_{water}}$$
 5

% air voids (in total mix) = 
$$\frac{\text{Va}}{\text{V}}$$
\*100% =  $\frac{\text{max.Gm-actualGm}}{\text{max.Gm}}$ \*100%

% voids in mineral aggregate (V.M.A.%) = 
$$\frac{\text{Vv}}{\text{V}}*100\% = 100 - \frac{\text{actual Gm}*P_A}{\text{bulk G}_A}$$
 7

Absorbed asphalt (% by wt. of agg.) = 
$$P'_{S2} = \left[\frac{1}{\text{bulk }G_A} - \frac{1}{\text{effective }G_A}\right] * Gs * 100\%$$



Effective asphalt (% by wt. of total mix) =  $P_{S1} = P_S - \frac{P'_{S2} * P_A}{100} = P_S - P_{S2}$ 



Where:  $P_{S2}$  = absorbed asphalt (% by wt. of total mix)

% voids filled with asphalt = 
$$\frac{\text{actual Gm} * P_{S1}}{\text{actual Gm} * P_{S1} + Gs * \% \text{ air voids}} * 100\%$$



## For surface course (wearing):

- % of asphalt (usually effective asphalt) = 4.5 6.5 % by wt. of total mix
- Stability at  $60^{\circ}$ C & 75 blows/end  $\geq 800 \text{ kg}$
- Flow = 2 4 mm
- % air voids in total mix = 3 5 %
- % voids filled with asphalt = 70 85 %
- % voids in mineral aggregate V. M. A.% (min. =15%)
- Filler / Asphalt (max. = 1.4)
- Index of retained strength =  $\frac{\text{comp.st.(Immersion})}{\text{comp.st.(Dry)}}*100\% \ge 70\%$
- Relative compaction =  $\frac{\text{Field density}}{\text{Lab.density}}*100\% \ge 96\%$



Ex.: To prepare asphalt mixture as surface course, it is found the following:

a) For aggregate:

Sieve size: 1"

No. 4

No. 200

% passing: 100

45

For course agg. Gs = 2.64

For fine agg. Gs = 2.67

For filler

$$G_{S} = 3.10$$

- b) For asphalt  $(40-50) \rightarrow Gs = 1.04$
- c) For asphalt concrete contains 5% asphalt  $\rightarrow$  max. Gm = 2.49

If the same above materials used to construct asphalt concrete layer with 5.7% asphalt. The core from layer has  $W_{air} = 1200 \text{gm}$ , &  $W_{water} = 692 \text{gm}$ . Check this layer?



**Sol.:** Check: % air voids (3-5), V.M.A. = min. 15, asphalt voids (70-85), effective asphalt (4.5-6.5)%.

% air voids (in total mix) = 
$$\frac{\text{Va}}{\text{V}}$$
\*100% =  $\frac{\text{max.Gm-actualGm}}{\text{max.Gm}}$ \*100%

% voids in mineral aggregate (V.M.A.%) = 
$$\frac{Vv}{V}*100\% = 100 - \frac{actual Gm*P_A}{bulk G_A}$$

% voids filled with asphalt = 
$$\frac{actualGm^*P_{S1}}{actualGm^*P_{S1} + Gs^*\% air voids}*100\%$$

Effective asphalt (% by wt. of total mix) = 
$$P_{S1} = P_S - \frac{P'_{S2} * P_A}{100} = P_S - P_{S2}$$

Bulk GA = يمكن حسابة

Ps = 5%

Max Gm = 2.49

Ps new = 5.7%

Wair = 1200gm

Wwater = 692gm

% air voids = ?

V.M.A. = ?

V.F.A. = ?

 $Ps_1 = ?$ 



$$Bulk \ G_A = \frac{100}{\frac{\% course}{Gs(course)} + \frac{\% fine}{Gs(file)} + \frac{\% filler}{Gs(filler)}} = \frac{100}{\frac{55}{2.64} + \frac{40}{2.67} + \frac{5}{3.1}} = 2.672$$

Effective GA = 
$$\frac{100 - P_S}{\frac{100}{Gm} - \frac{P_S}{Gs}} = \frac{100 - 5}{\frac{100}{2.49} - \frac{5}{1.04}} = 2.687$$
 (مقدر ا ثابت بتغیر نسبة الاسفلت)

For the layer with asphalt = 5.7%

Actual Gm = 
$$\frac{W}{V} = \frac{W_{air}}{W_{air} - W_{water}} = \frac{1200}{1200 - 692} = 2.362$$



Calculated max. Gm = 
$$\frac{W}{V - Va} = \frac{100}{\frac{P_s}{Gs} + \frac{100 - P_s}{effective G_A}} = \frac{100}{\frac{5.7}{1.04} + \frac{100 - 5.7}{2.687}} = 2.464$$

Absorbed asphalt (% by wt. of agg.) = 
$$P'_{S2} = \left[ \frac{1}{\text{bulk } G_A} - \frac{1}{\text{effective } G_A} \right] *Gs*100\%$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2.672} - \frac{1}{2.687} \right] *1.04 *100\% = 0.23\%$$

:. effective asphalt concrete = 
$$P_{S1} = 5.7 - \frac{0.23*94.3}{100} = 5.48\% (4.5-6.5)\%$$
 :: OK

% V. M. A. = 
$$100 - \frac{2.362*94.3}{2.672} = 16.6\% \ge 15\% :: OK$$

% air voids = 
$$\frac{2.464 - 2.362}{2.464} *100\% = 4.1\% (3 - 5)\% :: OK$$



% voids filled with asphalt

= 
$$\frac{2.362*5.48}{2.362*5.48+1.04*4.1}*100\% = 75.2\% (70 - 85)\% :: OK$$