

a. Sinusoidal DT signal

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```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
N = input('Enter Number of Samples: ');
n = 0:0.1:N;
x = sin(n);
stem(n,x);
label('Time');
label('Amplitude');
title('Discrete Time Sine Signal');
grid on;
```

هذا الكود هو عبارة عن برنامج

(Discrete Time) في المجال الزمني المتقطع (sinusoidal) لرسم إشارة متناوبة MATLAB.

This code is a MATLAB program for plotting a sinusoidal signal in the discrete-time domain.

Let's explain the steps in detail:

`clc;`, `clear all;`, `close all;`: These commands clear the workspace, remove any stored variables in memory, and close all active plots.

`N = input('Enter Number of Samples : ');`: This line prompts the user to input the number of samples they want to generate. The number of samples represents the total length of the sinusoidal signal.

`n = 0:0.1:N;`: This line creates a variable `n` containing a range of values from 0 to `N` with a step of 0.1. This generates the time points at which the signal will be plotted.

`x = sin(n);`: It computes the sine function values for each value of `n`, giving us the sinusoidal signal values at each time point.

`stem(n,x);`: It plots the sinusoidal signal using stem points on the `x` and `y` axes. The `x` values represent time, and the `y` values represent the sinusoidal signal values.

`xlabel('Time'); ylabel('Amplitude');`: It adds labels to the x-axis and y-axis of the plot to indicate their meanings.

`title('Discrete Time Sine Signal');`: It adds a title to the plot indicating the nature of the plotted signal.

`grid on;`: It displays a grid on the plot to facilitate reading.

This is a summary of the code and its explanation. If you have any further questions, feel free to ask.