

## Soil mechanics

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## Example 1

The results of the particle-size analysis of a soil are as follows: Percent passing through the No. 10 sieve $=100$
Percent passing through the No. 40 sieve $=80$
Percent passing through the No. 200 sieve $=58$
The liquid limit and plasticity index of the minus No. 40 fraction of the soil are 30 and 10 , respectively. Classify the soil by the Unified classification system.

## Solution

Since $58 \%$ of the soil passes through the No. 200 sieve, it is a fine-grained soil. Referring to the plasticity chart, for $L L=30$ and $P I=10$, it can be classified (group symbol) as CL.

1- The percent passing No. 200 sieve is more than $30 \%$.
2- Percent of gravel= 100 - passing sieve No. 4=0
4. Percent of sand= passing sieve No. $4-$ passing sieve No. 200

$$
=100-58=42
$$

5. Hence, percent sand > percent gravel.
6. Also, percent gravel is less than $15 \%$. Hence the group name is sandy lean clay.


## Example 2

For a given soil, the following are known:

- Percentage passing through No. 4 sieve $=70$
- Percentage passing through No. 200 sieve $=30$
- Liquid limit $=33$, Plastic limit $=12$

Classify the soil using the Unified Soil Classification System. Give the group symbol and the group name.

## Solution

1- The percentage passing No. 200 sieve is $30 \%$, which is less than $50 \%$. So it is a coarse-grained soil.
2- Percent of gravel= percent retained on No. 4 sieve

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\begin{aligned}
& =100-\text { passing sieve No. } 4 \\
& =100-70=30 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

3- Coarse fraction $=100-$ passing sieve No. 200

$$
=100-30=70 \%
$$

4- Hence, more than $50 \%$ of the coarse fraction is passing No. 4 sieve. Thus, it is a sandy soil.
Percent of gravel < $50 \%$ Coarse fraction __ sand
5- Since more than $12 \%$ is passing No. 200 sieve, it is SM or SC.
6- For this soil, $P I=33-12=21$ (which is greater than 7).
With $L L=33$ and $P I=21$, it plots above the $A$-line. Thus the group symbol is $\mathbf{S C}$.

7- For the group name, Since the percentage of gravel is more than $15 \%$, it is clayey sand with gravel.


## Example 3

The grain-size analysis for a soil is given next:

| Sieve no. | \% passing |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 94 |
| 10 | 63 |
| 20 | 21 |
| 40 | 10 |
| 60 | 7 |
| 100 | 5 |
| 200 | 3 |

Given that the soil is nonplastic, classify the soil by using the Unified Soil Classification System.

## Solution

1- The percentage passing No. 200 sieve is $3 \%$, which is less than $50 \%$. So it is a coarse-grained soil.
2- Percent of gravel= percent retained on No. 4 sieve

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =100-\text { passing sieve No. } 4 \\
& =100-94=6 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

3- Coarse fraction $=100-$ passing sieve No. 200

$$
=100-3=97 \%
$$

4- Hence, more than $50 \%$ of the coarse fraction is passing No. 4 sieve. Thus, it is a sandy soil.
Percent of gravel < $50 \%$ Coarse fraction $\quad$ sand
5- Since less than $5 \%$ is passing No. 200 sieve, it is SW or SP.


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D_{60}=1.41 \mathrm{~mm} \quad D_{30}=0.96 \mathrm{~mm} \quad D_{30}=0.41 \mathrm{~mm}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& C_{u}=\frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}=\frac{1.41}{0.41}=3.44 \\
& C_{z}=\frac{D_{30}^{2}}{D_{60} \times D_{10}}=\frac{0.96^{2}}{1.41 \times 0.41}=1.59
\end{aligned}
$$

The soil is poorly graded, SP
8- For the group name, Since the percentage of gravel is less than $15 \%$, it is poorly graded sand

