



ENGLISH LANGUAGE



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Lec.4

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شرح زمن الماضي البسيط (Past Simple Tense)

يتم استخدامه من أجل التعبير عن فعل قد اكتمل في فترة زمنية حدثت من مدة تسبق الوقت الحالي، وهو الصيغة الرئيسية التي تقوم بالتعبير عن الماضي في اللغة الإنجليزية.

لهذا عند استخدام زمن الماضي البسيط يكون ذلك إشارة إلى حدث قد تم في الماضي القريب أو الماضي البعيد، وقد لا نحتاج إلى توضيح وقت حدوث الفعل.

Subject + Verb(-d, -ed, -ied)

I play**ed** handball **last** week.

He visit**ed** France **last** month .

I stud**ied** hard **last** week.

وتتقسم الأفعال إلى عدة أنواع:

Verbs

Regular

وهي تكون عن أفعال يتم إضافة ed في نهايتها، مثل

Play - play + -ed = played

Irregular

هي تكون عبارة عن أفعال في تصريفها الثاني لا يتم إضافة ed لها بل يكون لكل فعل شكل مختلف في تصريفه، وهي مثل

Go - went

See - saw

Example: Last summer I went to the country. I played with my friend

هناك أفعال تنتهي بحرف y يتم تغييرها إلى i ثم تُضاف ed، وهي الأفعال التي لا تنتهي بأحد هذه الحروف (a, e, u, o, i) وتنتهي بالحروف الساكنة مثل

carry → **carried**.

على أن تكون أمثلتها هي:

هو لعب كرة قدم أمس

He **played** football **yesterday**.

هي حملت حقيبتها

She **carried** her bag.

Irregular verbs

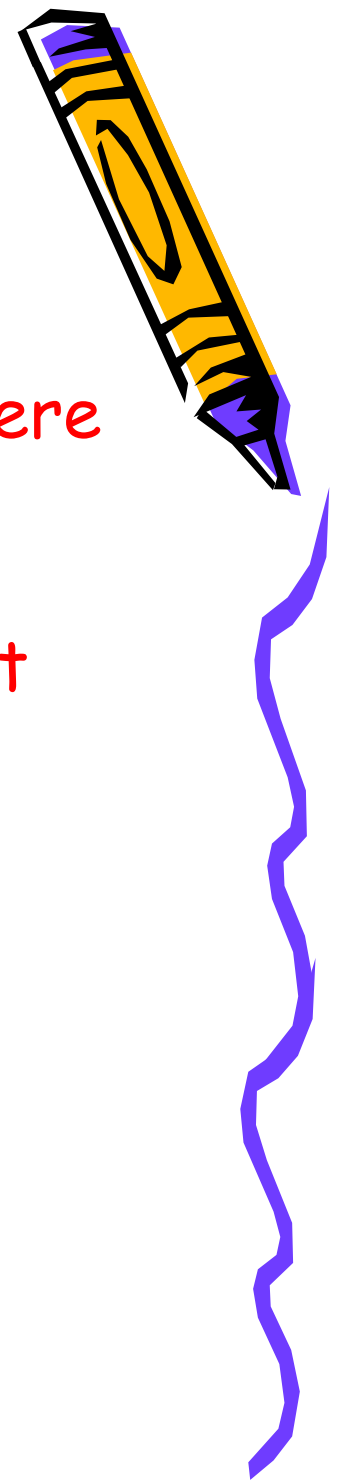
- See - Saw
- Go - Went
- Have - Had
- Say - Said
- Fly - Flew
- Fall - Fell
- Do - Did
- Take - Took
- Give - Gave
- Sit - Sat
- Make - Made

- Draw - Drew
- Be - Was/Were
- Come - Came
- Meet - Met
- Think - Thought
- Write - Wrote
- Drink - Drank
- Catch - Caught

«Lazy» verbs

- Cut - Cut
- Put - Put
- Let - Let

- Bet - Bet
- Set - Set
- Hit - Hit



النفي (Negative)

يكون تكوين الماضي البسيط في اللغة الإنجليزية في حالة النفي عبارة عن استخدام الفعل في حالته الأصلية ولكن يسبقه did not أي يكون تكوين الجملة هو

Subject + Did + Not + Base verb

I **did** not (**didn't**) play football last week .

They **did** not (**didn't**) work **last** month.

he **did** not (**didn't**) go to the party **last** weekend .

السؤال (Yes / No Questions)

في حالة السؤال (Yes / No Questions) في صيغة الماضي البسيط ويكون الرد عبارة عن Yes or No تكون صيغة السؤال هي:

Did + Subject + Base verb?

ومن أمثلتها:

Did you go to the park **yesterday**?

Did she leave **last** night?

Did you read the novel ?

وتكون الإجابة عبارة عن

Yes, I did

أو

No, I didn't.

السؤال (Wh Questions)

وهي عبارة عن أسئلة يكون بها أحرف W أو H مثل When للزمان أو Where للمكان.
صيغة السؤال تكون على النحو التالي:

WH + Did + Subject + Base verb?

مثل:

Where **did** you go **last** week?

What **did** you eat for dinner **yesterday** ?

When **did** he wake up **this morning** ?

الإجابة على هذا النوع من الأسئلة تكون عن طريق تقديم المعلومة المطلوبة من عند السائل بالظبط (مثل السبب، الزمان، المكان...).

الحالة الخاصة للفعل to be في الماضي

إن الفعل to be في الماضي البسيط في اللغة الإنجليزية يكون له تصريف مختلف، وتتكون جملته من

Subject + Be(Was/were)

ويكون تصريفها:

• I ، He ، She ، It تكون Was.
• You ، We ، They تكون Were.

من أمثلتها في حالة الإيجاب:

I was sick yesterday.

We were in London last week.

It was cold yesterday .

النفي

تكون صيغته

Subject + (Was/were) + Not

، أي أنه مع كل تصريح يتم إضافة Not للفعل، مثل:

I was not (wasn't) busy yesterday.

They were not (weren't) in Egypt .

It was not (wasn't) cloudy yesterday .

السؤال (Yes / No Questions)

ويكون تكوينه عبارة عن

Be(Was/were) + Subject + ...?

مثل:

Were you sick yesterday?

هل كنت مريضاً البارحة؟

Was it hot yesterday ?

هل كان الجو حاراً البارحة؟

Was he a doctor last year?

هل كان طبيباً العام الماضي؟

الجواب على هذا النوع من الأسئلة دائماً يكون نعم أو لا، لذلك سميت بـ Yes / No Questions.

to be (Past Simple)

	Affirmative (+)	Negative (-)
I/He/She/It	was	was not (wasn't)
You/We/They	were	were not (weren't)

Interrogative (?)
Was I/he/she/it ... ?
Were you/we/they ... ?

Short answers
Yes , I/he/she/it was . you/we/they were .
No , I/he/she/it wasn't . you/we/they weren't .

1. I _____ to the mall after school.

a) Goed

b) gone

c) went

2. My brother _____ a bear an hour ago.

a) Seen

b) saw

c) sees

3. _____ Mike visit his grandmother last night?

a) Did

b) Are

c) Does

4. Alex did not _____ last weekend.

a) Working

b) Worked

c) work

5. _____ Judy and Liz at last month's meeting?

a) Was

b) Were

c) Are

We _____ not happy after the sad ending.

a) Were

b) Was

c) did

7. _____ you see Jody's new dog yesterday?

a) Are

b) Did

c) Do

8. Sorry, I _____ hear you at the door.

a) wasn't

b) didn't

c) am not

9. I _____ English for two years.

a) Studying

b) Study

c) studied

10. What _____ you eat for lunch yesterday?

a) Do

b) Did

c) were

Correct answers:

1. went

2. saw

3. Did

4. work

5. Were

6. were

7. Did

8. didn't

9. studied

10. did

1) A: What ? B: He's an engineer.

a.does your father doing

b.is your father do

c.is your father doing

d.does your father do

2) Why sunglasses? It's cloudy today.

a.do you wearing

b.do you wear

c.are you wear

d.are you wearing

3) A: How often to the cinema? B: About once a month.

a. are you going

b. are you go

c. do you going

d. do you go

4) a really good book at the moment.

a. I read

b. I reading

c. I'm reading

5) He..... an iphone, an ipad and a computer. He's so lucky!

a.have

b.is having

c.has

6) Bill really hard at the moment because his company has just received a big order from China.

a.is work

b.works

c.is working

7) It a lot in La Spezia in winter.

a.rain

b.rains

c.is raining

8) A: Where's John? B: He's in the bathroom. He a shower.

a.is having

b.is making

c.is doing

d.has

9) A: What ? B: I'm looking for my glasses.

a. are you doing

b. do you do

c. you are doing

10) A: the party? B: Yes, very much, thank you.

a. Are you enjoying

b. Do you enjoy

c. Do you enjoying

d. Are you enjoy

1.D

2.D

3.D

4.C

5.C

6.C

7.B

8.A

9.A

10.A

The End