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Experiment: Wheatstone Bridge

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Experiment: Wheatstone Bridge Experiment

التجربة: تجربة جسر ويتستون



Purpose

To learn how to measure the value of resistance of different metal wires using a Wheatstone bridge.

Theory

A Wheatstone bridge is an electrical circuit used to measure an unknown electrical resistance as shown in Fig. 1. There are four resistances named R_1 , R_2

, R_3 and R_4 and G is the galvanometer. When the switch is turned on, it means that the current which flows through R_1 and R_2

should be the same, and represented by I_1 , the current which flows through R_3 and R_4 is the same, and represented by I_2 . The potential difference between two points A and B is zero. The potential of the two points is the same, so



$$I_1 R_1 = I_2 R_3 \quad (1)$$

$$I_1 R_2 = I_2 R_4 \quad (2)$$

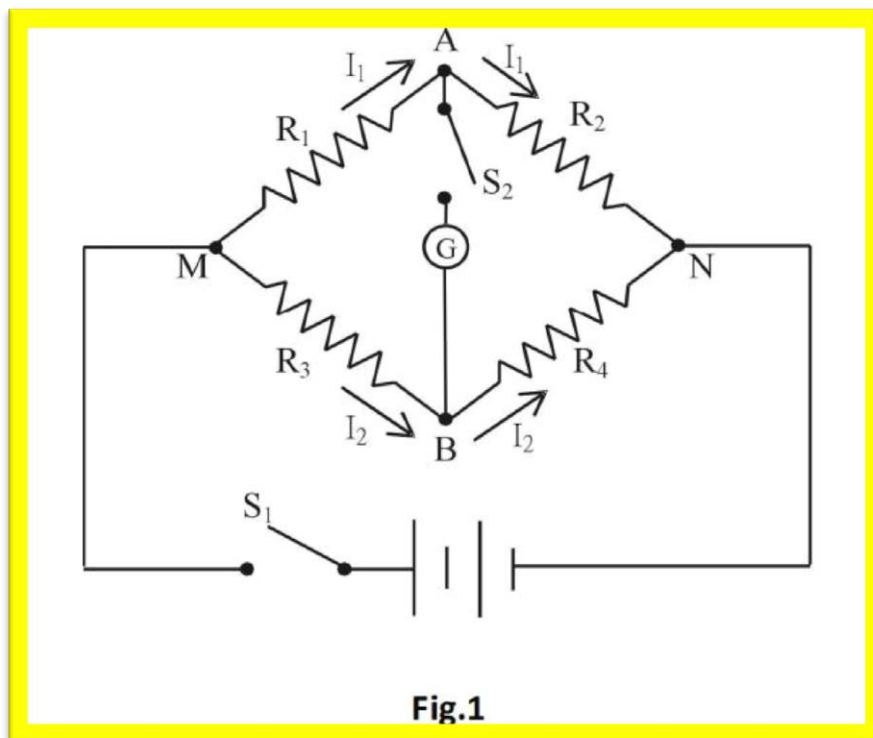
Divide the above equations, we obtain

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{R_3}{R_4} \quad (3)$$

OR

$$R_2 = R_1 \left(\frac{R_4}{R_3} \right) \quad (4)$$

From the above equation if R_2 is the unknown resistance, the other three resistances are known, we can obtain the value of the resistance using the above method.



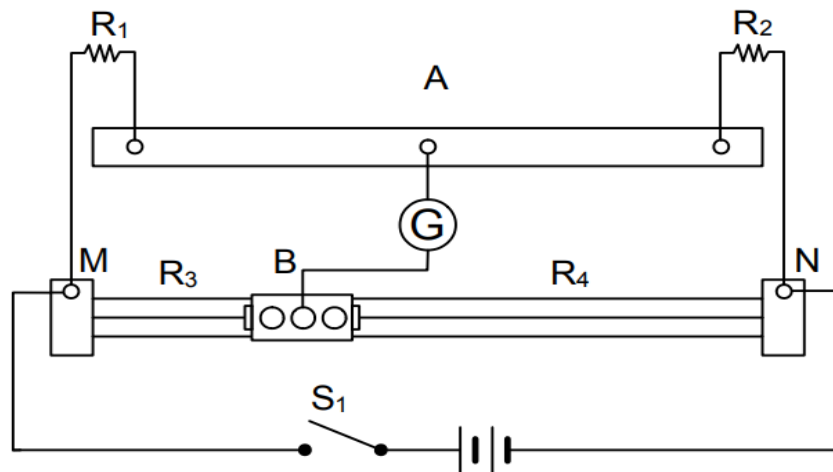


Fig.2

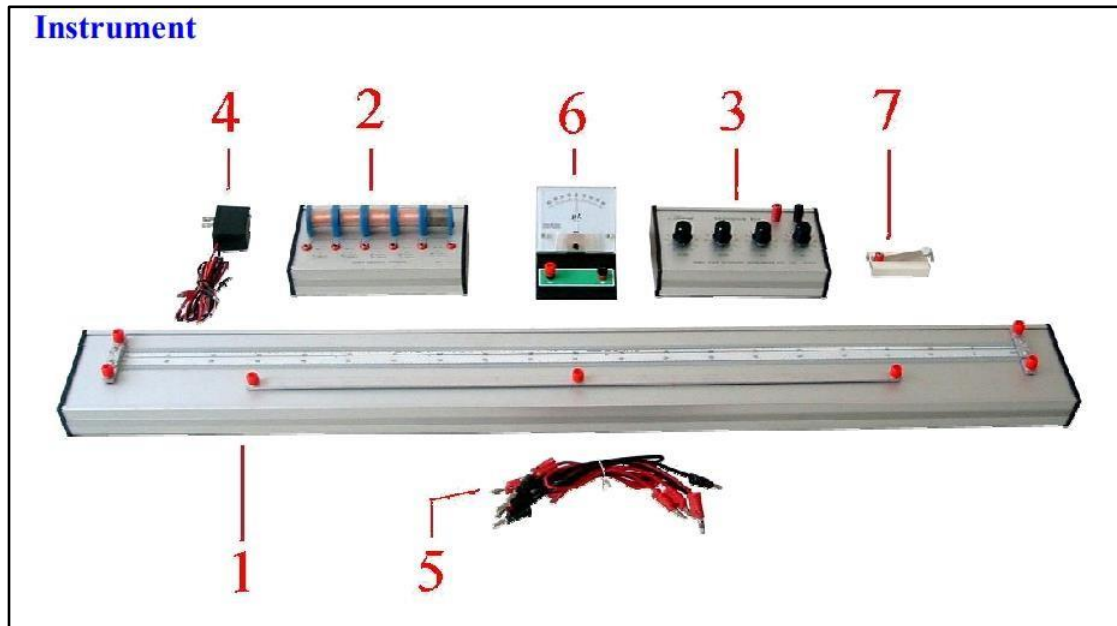
The Wheatstone bridge circuit is as shown in Fig. 2. MN is the metal wire, the point B divides MN into MB and BN , and the resistances are R3 and R4 Each resistance is proportional to its length, so

$$R_2 = R_1 \left(\frac{BN}{MB} \right) \quad (6) \quad (5)$$

ρ is the resistivity, L is the wire length, and A is the wire cross-sectional area. So

the ratio of R_3 and R_4 is equal to the ratio of MB and BN . If we can find a spot make the reading become zero, and equation (5) can be written as:

We can set the variable resistance as R_1 , different resistance values can



Procedure

1. set up the wires as shown in Fig.2. R_1 is the resistance of the variable resistance box, R_2 is the resistance of the unknown resistance box is the galvanometer, and B is the probe
2. Turn on the power supply power supply and adjust the resistance. then, push the probe to make it connect to the metal line. The galvanometer deflects at this time, but if deflection is too large, you need to adjust the resistance to an appropriate value. when the deflection is small, move the probe to make the galvanometer reading back to zero, then we can obtain the length of MB and BN .
2. According to equation 1 to 6 to obtain the value of R_2 , and substitute R_2 into equation 1 to 5 to obtain the coefficient of resistance of the unknown resistance

NO	Accessory	Quantity
1	Slide Wire Bridge	1
2	Unknown Resistance Box	1
3	Variable Resistance Box	1
4	DC Power Supply	1
5	Wire	6
6	Galvanometer	1
7	Probe	1

نقاط	points	جسر ويتستون	جسر يتستون
قيمة	value	تجربة	Experiment
فوق	above	لمعرفة - ليتعلم	To learn
دائرة كهربائية	circuit	يقيس	measure
متناسب	proportional	معدن مختلف	different metal
بقعة	spot	الأسلاك	wires
انحراف	deflection	يتمثل ب	represented by
ملائم	appropriate	فرق الجهد	The potential difference
معادلة	equation	حسب	According

1- What is the similarity between Ohm's law experiment and Bridget Teston's experiment?

- A -Find the resistance value
- B -Find voltages
- C -find current
- D -Find current and voltage
- E -All choices

2- Find the value of the resistance R1, knowing that the resistance R2 = 20, R3 = 15, R4 = 60

- 1-50 Ω
- 2-100 Ω
- 3- 500 Ω
- 4- 5000 Ω
- 5- 1000 Ω

3- What is the importance of the galvanometer?

- A- 1-Knowing the state of equilibrium due to its extreme sensitivity when the current passes
- B- 2-to find the resistance value
- C- 3 - to find the capacitance
- D- 4- To find the value of current and capacitance
- E- 5-Choice 2,3

4- What is the purpose of the Wheatstone Bridge experiment?

- 1-Find the value of the unknown resistance
- 2-Find the current value
- 3-Find the length of the ruler
- 4-Choice 1,3
- 5-Choice 2,3

5- Wheatstone's law states that the resistance is:

- 1-known resistance
- 2-unknown resistance
- 3- fixed resistance
- 4- choices 3,2
- 5-not all choices