## Dental Anatomy

## Lec - 5

## Maxillary Lateral Incisor

The maxillary lateral incisor resembles the maxillary central incisor in function, form and anatomy, but is generally smaller in all dimensions except the length of the root.

## Principle Identifying Features

1-The crown is more rounded, shorter and narrower mesio-distally than the maxillary central incisor.

2- The mesio-incisal angle is acute and the disto-incisal angle is more rounded.

3- It has a single root with a tapered, distally curved, pointed apex.

4-The lingual fossa is more concave than that of the maxillary central incisor.

## Labial Aspect

1- The crown is shorter and narrower than that of the maxillary
central incisor, but the root is as long as that of the maxillary
central incisor or longer.

2-The labial surface of the crown is more convex than that of the maxillary central incisor.

3- The mesial outline resembles that of the maxillary central incisor with more rounded mesio-incisal angle, with the crest of curvature (contact point) located between the middle and incisal thirds.

4- The distal outline is more rounded, with the crest of curvature (contact point) at the center of the middle third.

5-The root tapers evenly, and curves distally at the apex.


Figure -1 Maxillary right lateral incisor (labial aspect).

## Mesial Aspect

1- The crown is narrower labio-lingually than the maxillary central incisor.

2-The curvature of the cervical line is less than that of the maxillary central incisor.

3- The root appears as a tapered cone, and a line bisecting the root bisects the incisal ridge, which is well developed.


Figure - 2 Maxillary right lateral incisor (mesial aspect).

## Distal Aspect

1- The curvature of the cervical line distally is less than that mesially.

2-It is not uncommon to find a developmental groove extending to the root.


Figure-3 Maxillary right lateral incisor (distal aspect).

## Lingual Aspect

1- The mesial and distal marginal ridges and the lingual portion of the incisal ridge are well marked with a more concaved lingual fossa.

2-The cingulum is prominent, with a tendency toward seeing a deep developmental groove within the lingual fossa.


Figure -4 Maxillary right lateral incisor (lingual aspect).

## Incisal Aspect

1- The incisal aspect resembles that of the maxillary central incisor, but:
(A) The cingulum and incisal ridge may be large.
(B) The labio-lingual to mesio-distal measurement is larger, therefore, it resembles as a small canine.

2- From the incisal aspect, all maxillary lateral incisors exhibit more convexity labially and lingually.


Figure -5 Maxillary right lateral incisor, incisal aspect.

## Variations from the typical form (Anomalies)

1- Peg-shaped lateral incisor, with a thin root and a small conical crown.

2- The maxillary lateral incisor may be congenitally missing.

3- Large developmental groove on the distal aspect extending to the root.

| Main Differences between Maxillary Central and Lateral Incisor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maxillary Central Incisor | Maxillary lateral Incisor |
| Labial <br> Aspect | 1- The crown is longer and wider mesio-distally. <br> 2- Mesial outline is slightly convex with a crest of curvature near the mesio-incisal angle. <br> 3- Distal outline is more convex than mesial outline with the crest of curvature closer to the middle thirds. <br> 4 -The root is shorter with a cone shaped and blunt apex. | 1- The crown is shorter and narrower. <br> 2- Mesial outline is similar to the maxillary central Incisor with an acute and more rounded mesio-incisal angle with the crest of curvature at the junction between middle and incisal thirds. <br> 3 - Distal outline is more rounded and the crest of curvature is at the center of the middle third. <br> 4- The root is longer than maxillary central incisor, tapers evenly and curves distally in a pointed apex. |
|  | 5- The crown is wider labio-lingually with a pronounced curvature of the cervical line. | 5- The crown is narrower labiolingually with the curvature of the cervical line less pronounced. |
| Distal <br> Aspect | 6-No developmental groove extending to the root. | 6-A developmental groove extending from the side of the cingulum to the root may be found. |
| Lingual Aspect | 7- Well defined lingual anatomical features. | 7- More prominent cingulum with a more concave lingual fossa. |

