

اسم التدريسي: م.م حسين علي سليمان المرحلة: اولى

السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٠ ـ ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



English language

First class



اسم المادة:English language اسم التدريسي: م.م حسين علي سليمان المرحلة: اولى السنة الدر اسبة: ٢٠٢٤-٢٠٢٣

السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤ ـ ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



Possessive Adjectives

To choose a possessive adjective to use in speaking or writing, you must first know the pronoun you will be talking about. When you determine the pronoun, you will easily know which possessive adjective to use. Examples: Through the examples, it becomes clear that what follows the possessive adjective is something that the person owns or a person who has a relationship with the pronoun referred to in the example.



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السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤-٢٠٢٣ عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



Possessive Adjectives - Exercise 1

Fill in my, your, his, her, its, our, their.			
1. I don't know the time because I can't find watch.			
2. What's the boy's name? name is Ben Scott.			
3. Debbie has got a cat cat is very lively.			
4. The dog is very cute. name is Ben.			
5. We are at school. school is very nice.			
6. I have a new laptop. laptop is white.			
7. I'm from Seattle. Most of friends are from Seattle, too.			
8. The rabbit is white. cage is in the garden.			
9. Sandra and Jenny are friends. school is in the city centre.			
10. The Millers have a new car. car is blue.			
11. Emma Peel has got a brother. name is Paul.			
12. Nick Baker has a sister name is Debbie.			
13. Yes, we have a dog. dog is very old.			
14. The boys have got a tortoise name is Trundle.			
15. Suddenly the children see an old man. It's grandfather.			
16. Aunt Mary is sitting at the table. Peter fills glass with juice.			
17. We take the guitars and start to play music is great.			
18. Captain Clark drives a yellow sports car. It's car.			
19. Tom and Robert like fish and chips. It's favourite food.			
20. We cannot come on Saturday. It's father's birthday.			
E-mail:			



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عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



SUBJECT PRONOUN	POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVE
1	MY
YOU	YOUR
HE	HIS
SHE	HER
IT	ITS
WE	OUR
THEY	THEIR



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السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٣-٢٠٢٤

عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



Possessive Adjectives

Subject Pronouns		Po	Possessive Adjectives	
Ī	I play basketball.	Му	This is my sister.	
You	You are a student.	Your	Wash your hands.	
He	He is very nice.	His	This is his car.	
She	She is an engineer.	gineer. Her The pencil is her pencil.		
lt	It is a cat.	lts	Its teeth are very sharp.	
We	We love Spanish.	Our	Our We began our work at noon.	
You	You are smart students.	Your Is that your wallet?		
They	They are the smartest kids here.	Their	Their house near the city.	



المرحلة : اولى

السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤ - ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



verbe to have

الماضي Past	المضارع Present	المستقبل Future
كنت أملك I had	انا أملك I have	سأمك I will have
You had كنتُ ثملك	أنت تملك You have	You will have ستملك
كان يملك He had	هو يملك He has	سیملک He will have
She had کانٹ کملگ	هي تملك She has	She will have ستملك
كنت أو كان يملك It had	تملك أو يملك لغير العاقل It has	ال ستملك أم ستملك It will have
كنتم تملكون You had	أنتم تملكون You have	ستملكون You will have
We had کنا نملک	نحن نملك We have	we will have منمك
كانوا يملكون They had	هم يملكون They have	سیملکون They will have



السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٣ - ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



Explanation verb to have

We use the verb Have to express ownership of things (possession), in the simple present tense. Note that: The source of the verb (to have/has) is the word Have. There are two conjugations for the verb Have in the simple present tense, and they are has and have, which mean (he has/has).

We use the verb has (to have) with the pronouns he – she – it – a singular noun (we can write the verb has in abbreviated form like this ('s



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السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤-٢٠٢٣ عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



We use the verb (have) with the pronouns I -we- you - they - a plural noun (we can write have abbreviated like ve')

Examples:

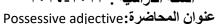
I have a car. / Heba has a book. /

We have a blue kite / Ali has 3 brothers

They have a new cupboard.



السنة الدراسية: ١٠٢٣-٢٠٢٤





Practice: //

Complete with a suitable verb:

- Ali a new shirt.
- -You.....five pencils.
- -They.....a good bike.
- -Heba.....50 pounds.
- -The teacher.....three books.



السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤ ـ ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



Negation of the verb (have / has) meaning (he owns): If we have the two verbs have / has meaning (he owns), then we put one of the two auxiliary verbs don't /doesn't meaning (not) in the sentence and then we put the infinitive of the verb after them (have). It is the word Have

———- Examples,

Ali has a book – Ali doesn't have a book.

WE have a bag – We don't have a bag

Heba has a cat – Heba doesn't have a cat.



السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٠ - ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



Practice:

Turn the positive verb into a negative one:

-We have a big house. (We)
-He has a pencil. (He)
They have some pens. (They
)



المرحلة: اولى السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤-٢٠٢

عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



To form a question about ownership of things, it begins with does, meaning (does he have / does he have) in the simple present tense,

This is under two conditions:

- 1 That the answer begins with yes/no
- 2 That the verb in the answer meaning (to have) is one of the two verbs have or has, and not have got or has got. After these two conditions are met, we form the question as follows:

Do / Does Does + + the subject have have?



السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤ ـ ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



Examples:

Does Ali have a car?

- Yes, he has /

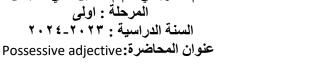
No, he doesn't have a car.

Do you have sisters?

Yes, I have 3 sisters.

/ No, I don't have sisters.







Practice: // Complete the questions:have a coat? - No, I don't have a coat.

الماضي Past	المضارع Present	المستقبل Future
فطتُ، عملت I did	أفط، أعمل I do	سأفط، سأعمل I will do
فطتَ You did	كفعل You do	ستفعل You will do
فعل He did	بفعل He does	سيفعل He will do
فعث She did	She does تفعل	ستفعل She will do
فطت أو فعل It did	تفعل أو يفعل It does	ستفعل أو سيفعل It will do
فعائم You did	تفعلون You do	ستفعلون You will do
فعلنا We did	نفعل We do	سنفعل We will do
فعلوا They did	يفعلون They do	سيفطون They will do



السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٣ - ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



When do we use the verb to be and the verb to do in a question?

To ask about a verb in the present tense, we use verb to do, and to ask about an adjective or noun, we use verb to be

I do

You do

He does

She does

It does

We do

They do



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السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤-٢٠٢٣ عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



Automatic transmission



Automatic transmission is one of the types of transmissions that is characterized by changing speeds automatically or mechanically according to the car and its need for power. Which means that the



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السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٠ - ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



driver's interaction with this type of transmission is less, which means greater comfort for the driver. Therefore, the difference between the two types of transmission is in the way the automatic transmission works, which does not require intervention from the car driver.



السنة الدراسية: ٢٠٢٤ - ٢٠٢٤ عنوان المحاضرة: Possessive adjective



Automatic transmission parts

The automatic transmission system consists of:

Automatic transmission body

Torque converter

Input column

Oil pump

Pistons and servos

Planetary gear unit

Hydraulic control unit

Manual connections

A set of clutches and brake bands

E-mail:



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عنوان المحاضرة:Possessive adjective



Back body

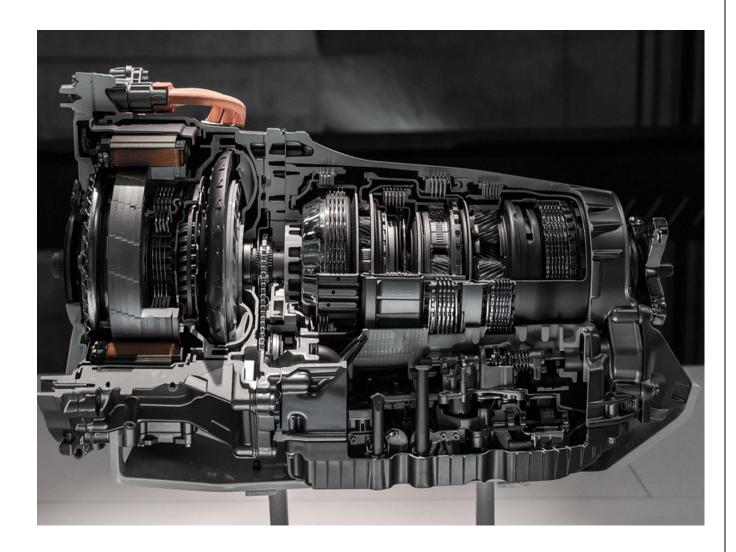
Automatic transmission electrical parts



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