

# Al-Mustaqbal University College 

## Optics Techniques Department

## Lecture 5

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## Cell Styles

Cell style is a pre-defined set of formats, such as fonts, font sizes, number formats, borders, and shading.

1. Select the cell, then from Home tab, Styles group, and click on Cell Styles.

2. Choose the suitable style.

## Using Clear command

1. Click the Clear button © clear , in the Editing group On the Home tab.
2. Choose one of the following:
$\checkmark$ Clear All: will clear all contents, formats, and comments in the selected cells.
$\checkmark$ Clear Formats: will clear only the formats in the selected cells.
$\checkmark$ Clear Contents: will clear only the contents and leaving the comments and any applied formats in the selected cells.
$\checkmark$ Clear Comments: will clear any comments in the selected cells if there is any.
Notes: If you select a cell or a group of cells and then press DELETE from the keyboard, this will clear the cell contents only and leaving the cell formats

## Dealing with Excel Columns \& Rows:

## Select column or row:

$\checkmark$ To select a single column or row, click on the column heading $[\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \ldots]$ or row heading number $[1,2, \ldots$.$] .$
$\checkmark$ To select adjacent columns or rows, click on the first column or row heading and drag to the last one. Or press shift key hold down while you select the last one.
$\checkmark$ To select multiple columns or rows, click on the first column or row heading and then hold down CTRL while you select other headings.

## Modify column width:

$>$ Position the mouse cursor over the column line in the column heading, and then drag the cursor to the
 right to increase the column width or to the left to decrease the column width. OR Click the Format command in the Cells group on the Home tab.
> 1. Select Column Width... to enter a specific column width.
> 2. Select AutoFit Column Width to adjust the column width according to the contents of that column so all of the content will fit.

$\checkmark$ NOTE: If you see \#\#\#\#\#\#\# in a cell, it means that the column width is not wide enough to display the cell content. You have to increase the column width to display the cell content.

## Modify row height:

$>$ Position the mouse cursor over the row line in the row heading, and then drag the cursor down to increase the row height or up to decrease the row height.


OR Click the Format command in the Cells group on the Home tab. Select :

1. Row Height... to enter a specific row height.
2. AutoFit Row Height to adjust the row height according to the contents of that row so all of the content will fit.


## Insert columns or Rows:

## 1- Insert Columns:

$>$ Select the column to the right of where you want the new column to appear. The new column always appears to the left of the selected column (i.e. before the selected column).
> On the Home tab, click the Insert command in the Cells group
> Insert Sheet Columns.

## 2-Insert rows:

$>$ Select the row to the bottom of where you want the new row
 to appear. The new row always appears above the selected row. On the Home tab, click the Insert command in the Cells group $\square$ Insert Sheet Rows.

Or: Right click on the column or Row where you want the new one to appear. Choose Insert form the list.

## Delete columns or Rows:

Select the column or row. On the Home tab, click the Delete command in the Cells group.

Or: Right click on the column, choose Delete form the list.


## Hide rows or columns:

1. Select the rows or column headings that you want to hide.
2. Right-click the selected, and then select Hide or Click the Format button in the Cells group on the Home tab and click on Hide \& Unhide.
3. Click on Hide Rows or Hide Columns.


## NOTE:

- The rows heading numbers order are indicator that you've hidden rows.
- The columns heading alphabetical order are indicator
 that you've hidden columns.



## Excel Cursors

You will encounter many different cursor shapes while using Excel.

| Standard | Default cursor shape. Appears when you are pointing at buttons on the <br> Ribbon. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Select Column |  | | Appears when you are pointing to editable text or to a text box that you can |
| :--- |
| type into. |

The following table lists the most common error codes and what they mean.

| Error code | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| \#\#\#\#\# | The column isn't wide enough to display the value. |
| \#VALUE! | The formula has the wrong type of argument (such as text in a cell where <br> a numerical value is required). |
| \#NAME? | The formula contains text that Excel doesn't recognize (such as an unknown <br> named range). |
| \#REF! | The formula refers to a cell that doesn't exist (which can happen whenever <br> cells are deleted). |
| \#DIV/O! | The formula attempts to divide by zero. |

