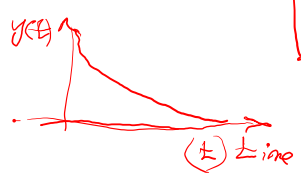


$$y(t) = e^{-2t}$$

$$Y(s) = \int_0^\infty e^{-2t} e^{-st} dt$$



$$Y(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2+5s+6} = \frac{s+1}{(s+2)(s+3)}$$

$$Y(t) = ?$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{s+3}$$

$$Y(t) = A e^{-2t} + B e^{-3t}$$

$$A = ? ; B = ?$$

$$Y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \frac{s+1}{(s+2)(s+3)} \right\}$$

$$= \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{s+3} \right\} = A e^{-2t} + B e^{-3t}$$

$$3A + 2B = 1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$-2[A + B = 1] \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$3A + 2B = 1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$-2A - 2B = -2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$A = -1$$

$$B = 2$$

$$Y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \frac{-1}{s+2} + \frac{2}{s+3} \right\}$$

$$= \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \frac{-1}{s+2} + \frac{2}{s+3} \right\}$$

$$= -e^{-2t} + 2e^{-3t}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{(s+1)}{(s+2)(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{s+3}$$

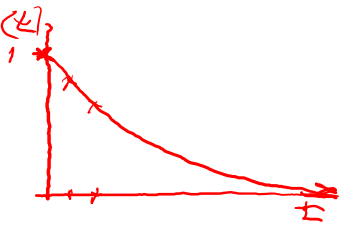
$$A = (s+2) \cdot Y(s) = \frac{(s+2)(s+1)}{(s+2)(s+3)} = \frac{s+1}{s+3} \Big|_{s=-2} = \frac{-2+1}{-2+3} = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$$

$$B = (s+3) \cdot Y(s) = \frac{(s+3)(s+1)}{(s+3)(s+2)} \Big|_{s=-3} = \frac{s+1}{s+2} \Big|_{s=-3} = \frac{-3+1}{-3+2} = \frac{-2}{-1} = 2$$

$$A = -1 ; B = 2$$

$$y(t) = A e^{-2t} + B e^{-3t}$$

$$y(t) = 2e^{-3t} - e^{-2t}$$



at $t=0$

$$y(0) = 2e^0 - e^0 = 1$$

initial

$$y(0) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} s \cdot Y(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} s \cdot \frac{(s+1)}{(s+3)(s+2)} \cdot \frac{s^2}{s^2}$$

$$= \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \frac{[s^2 + s] / s^2}{s^2 + 5s + 6} = \frac{1 + 1/s}{s^2 + 5s + 6} = \frac{1}{s^2} = 1$$