

Chain rule

1-If w & F_x & F_y are contain & $w=F(x,y)$, x & y are function of (t) only.

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$$

2-If W is a function of $(x,y&y)$ in the same time

$x=F(r,s)$, $y=F(r,s)$ & $z=F(r,s)$ then

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial r}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$$

Example1: Find the derivative of $w=3xy$ if $x=\cos t$ & $y=\sin t$

Solution//

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dy} = 3x. \quad \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = 3y$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial t} = -\sin t. \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = \cos t$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = 3y * (-\sin t) + 3x * \cos t$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = -3 * \sin^2 t + 3\cos^2 t$$

Example2: Find the derivative of $w=xy+z$ if $x=\cos t$, $y=\sin t$ & $z=2t^2$

Solution//

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$$

$$= y \cdot (-\sin t) + x \cdot \cos t + 1 \cdot 4t$$

$$= -\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t + 4t$$

Exercise: Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t}$ in terms of $w = x^2 + y^2$. $x = \cos t$. $y = \sin t$

Example 3: Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t}$. $w=2ye^x - \ln z$, $x=\ln(t^2 + 1)$

, $y=\tan^{-1} t$ & $z=e^t$

Solution//

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = 2y e^x \cdot \frac{2t}{t^2 + 1} + 2e^x \cdot \frac{1}{t^2 + 1} + \frac{-1}{z} \cdot e^t$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = 2 \tan^{-1} t e^{\ln(t^2+1)} \cdot \frac{2t}{t^2 + 1} + 2e^{\ln(t^2+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{t^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{e^t} \cdot e^t$$

Example 4: Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$ & $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ in terms of r & s if $w = x + 4y + z^2$, $x = \frac{r}{s}$, $y = 2r^2 + \ln 2s$ & $z = 2r$

Solution//

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial r}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} = \frac{1}{s} + 16r + 8r = \frac{1}{s} + 24r$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial s} = \frac{-1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s}$$

Example 5: Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$ & $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$. *in terms of r&s if $w=x^2+y^2$, $x=r+s$, $y=r-s$*

Solution//

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial r}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} = 2x \cdot 1 + 2y = 4r$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial s}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial s} = 2x \cdot 1 + 2y \cdot (-1) = 2(r+s) - 2(r-s) = 4s$$