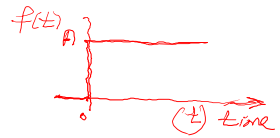
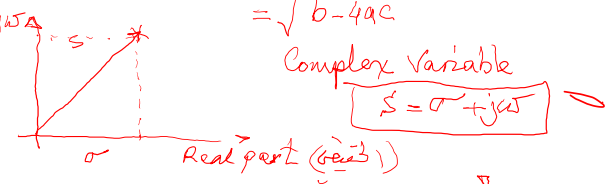




$$f(t) = A; t \geq 0$$

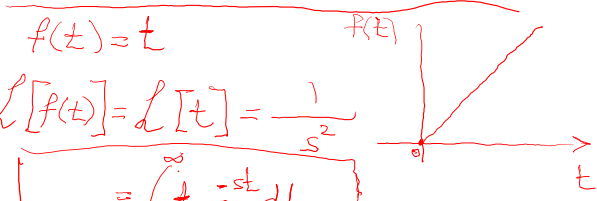


$$\mathcal{L}[A] = \frac{A}{s}$$



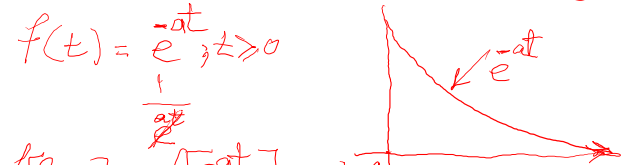
$f(t) = \delta(t); t \geq 0$
= Impulse Function

$$\mathcal{L}[f(t)] = \mathcal{L}[\delta(t)] = 1$$



$$\mathcal{L}[f(t)] = \mathcal{L}[t] = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-st} dt$$



$$\mathcal{L}[f(t)] = \mathcal{L}[e^{-at}] = \frac{1}{s+a}$$

$$= \mathcal{L}[5e^{-2t}] = \frac{5}{s+2}$$



$$\mathcal{L}[f(t)] = \mathcal{L}[\cos(\omega t)] = \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

Find the Laplace transform of the following function $f(t)$

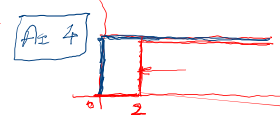
$$f(t) = e^{-3t} + 3\cos(4t)$$

$$\mathcal{L}[e^{-3t}] = \frac{1}{s+3}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[3\cos(4t)] = \frac{3s}{s^2+16}$$

$$f(t) = e^{-3t} \cdot 4$$

$$\mathcal{L}[4e^{-3t}] \Rightarrow \frac{4}{s(s+3)}$$



$$f(t) = 2-t$$

$$\mathcal{L}[2] = \frac{2}{s}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[t] = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{s} - \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$f(t) = e^{-3t} + 3\cos(4t)$$

$$f(t) = \int_0^t e^{-3t} dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}[e^{-3t}] = \frac{1}{s+3}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{s(s+3)}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt^2} + 12 \frac{dy}{dt} + 8y(t) = 6$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left[\frac{d^2y}{dt^2}\right] = s^2 Y(s); \mathcal{L}\left[12 \frac{dy}{dt}\right] = 12s Y(s)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 12 \frac{dy}{dt} + 8y(t) = 6$$

$$s^2 Y(s) + 12s Y(s) + 8Y(s) = \frac{6}{s}$$

$$(s^2 + 12s + 8)Y(s) = \frac{6}{s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{6}{s(s^2 + 12s + 8)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}[Y(s)] = \frac{6}{s(s^2 + 6s + 8)} = \frac{6}{s(s+2)(s+4)}$$

$$y(t) = a_1(A) + a_2 e^{-2t} + a_3 e^{-4t}$$