

AL MUSTAQBAL UNIVERSITY.

Medical physics sciences.

Optics laboratory.

second Stage.



بصريات عملي

الكورس الاول - التجربة الاولى

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Refractive index of glass

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## Experiment (Refractive index of glass)

### aim

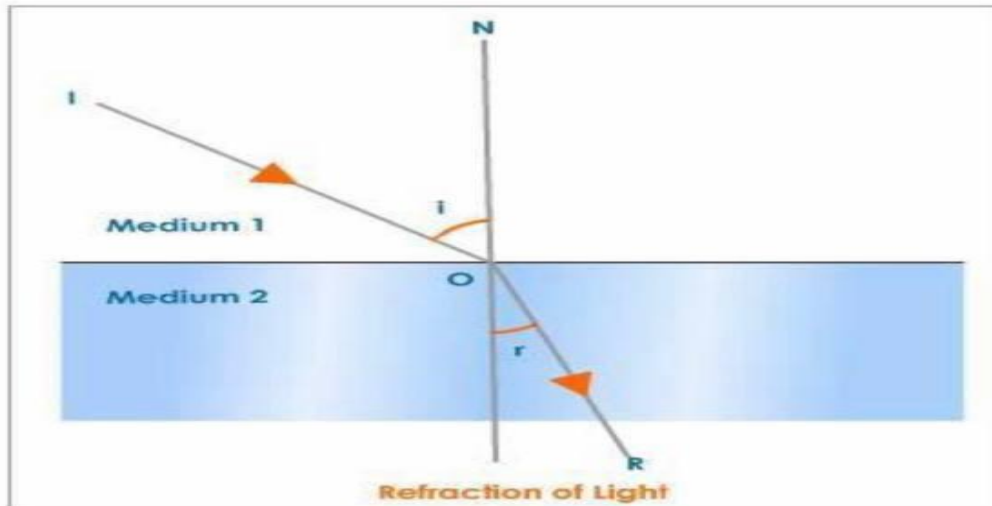
(The aim of the experiment is to study the refraction index of glass)

### Apparatus:-

- parallel rectangle .
- Trapezoidal prism .
- He-Ne laser .

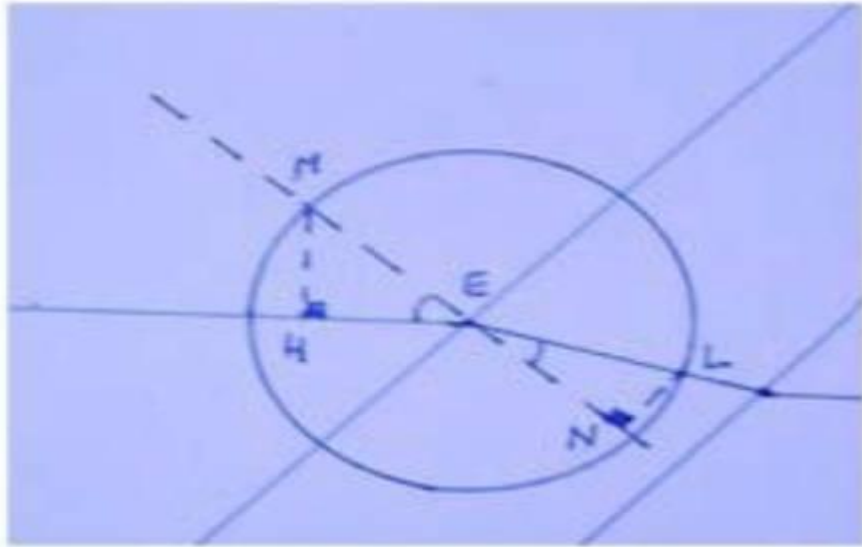
### Theory:

refractive index, also called index of refraction, measure of the bending of a ray of light when passing from one medium into another. If  $i$  is the angle of incidence of a ray in vacuum (angle between the incoming ray and the perpendicular to the surface of a medium, called the normal), and  $r$  is the angle of refraction (angle between the ray in the medium and the normal), the refractive index  $n$  is defined as the ratio of the sine of the angle of incidence to the sine of the angle of refraction; i.e.,  $n = \sin \theta_1 / \sin \theta_2$  . Refractive index is also equal to the velocity  $c$  of light of a given wavelength in empty space divided by its velocity  $v$  in a substance, or  $n=c/v$



**Procedure:**

- 1- Align the setup as shown in fig.(1).
- 2- Using the thumbtacks, fix a sheet of paper on the wooden plane and lay the glass block, resting on the wider faces, at the Centre
- 3- Draw the outline of the glass block on a piece of paper. Two pins A and B determine the direction of an incident ray on a face of the glass block. The two pins are fixed on the working plane so that the straight line passing through them forms with the edge of the block a determined angle
- 4- Looking beyond the glass block, find the position for which the two pins, seen through the glass block, are aligned, then fix two other pins O and P to determine this new straight line. Verify that the two pins are aligned on the straight line determined by the other two.
- 5- Take away the glass and draw the lines as shown in the figure and a circumference of any radius centered in E.



6- From Snell's law we have that: -

$$n_2 = \frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sin \theta_2}$$

**:Discussion**

- 1- .Define refractive index
- 2- .Discuss your result
- 3- Did you think that the density of glass effect the refractive index of it? Explain

**GOOD LUCK**

**Ruqayah Saleh**