



Al- mustaqbal University College Anesthesia Techniques Department First stage /medical physics Third lecture by Asst. Lecturer Noor Haidar Obaid

Light in medicine, sound in medicine

Electromagnetic radiation is the movement of wavelike energy through space as a combination of electric and magnetic fields.

Electromagnetic radiations are arranged according to their energies in what is called the electromagnetic spectrum

The electromagnetic spectrum consists

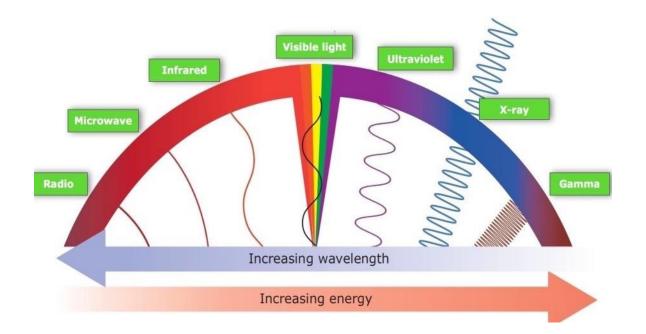
1-cosmic rays 2-gamma rays

3-X-ray 4-ultraviolet rays

5-visible light 6-infrared

7-televisio 8-radar

9-microwave 10-radio waves



properties electromagnetic spectrum

- -Travel at the speed of light
- -Have no electrical charge

Light has some interesting properties, many of which are used in medicine:

- 1. Refraction: the speed of light changes when it goes from one material into another.
- 2. Dual behavior: light behaves both as a wave and as a particle. As a wave when it produces interference and diffraction.
- 3. Heat production: when light is absorbed, its energy generally appears as heat.
- 5. Reflection: light is reflected to some extent from all surfaces.

Applications of visible light in medicine

- 1-The visible light used in medicine to permit the physician to obtain visual information about the patient (color of skin)
- 2-Endoscopes are used for viewing internal body cavities
- used to examine the bladder
- used to examine the air passages into the lungs

Applications of ultraviolet light in medicine

- 1-UV light with wavelength below about 290nm can be used to sterilize medical instruments
- 2-The UV light from the sun converts some of molecular products in the skin into vitamin D
- 3-UV light from the sun affects the melanin in the skin to cause tanning.

Laser Applications in Medicine

- 1. In surgery
- 2. In ophthalmology:
- 3. In dermatology:
- 4. In dentistry:
- 5. In ENT

Sound in Medicine

Sound is mechanical energy that propagates through a medium by the compression and rarefaction of "particles" that comprise it.

Sound Waves Properties

- 1-Frequency: Frequency is measured in hertz (Hz). 1Hz =1 cycle per second
- 2-Wave length: is the distance between two bands of compression or rarefaction.
- -The relationship between the frequency of vibration f of the sound wave, the wavelength λ , and the velocity ν of the sound wave is:

$$\mathbf{v} = \lambda f$$

Sound Applications in Medicine

1- Percussion in Medicine

Percussion is a diagnostic procedure in which the physician or nurse tap on parts of the body and listen to the elicited sound

2-Stethoscope and Auscultation in Medicine

It is a simple hearing aid permits physician or nurse to listen to sound made inside the body primarily in the heart and lungs