

Trigonometric Function

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{d}{dx} \sin u = \cos u \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{d}{dx} \cos u = -\sin u \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{d}{dx} \tan u = \sec^2 u \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{d}{dx} \cot u = -\csc^2 u \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{d}{dx} \sec u = \sec u \cdot \tan u \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \frac{d}{dx} \csc u = -\csc u \cdot \cot u \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

①

Example Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for following functions:

(a) $y = \tan(3x^2)$

(b) $y = (\csc x + \cot x)^2$

(c) $y = 2\sin \frac{x}{2} - x \cos \frac{x}{2}$

(d) $y = \tan^2(\cos x)$

(f) $y = \sec^4 x - \tan^4 x$

(e) $y = \cos 2x - 2\sin x$

(h) $y = \tan x + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3 x$

(f) $y = \cos x - \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x$

(g) $y = \frac{1}{\cos^n x}$

(m) $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$

(n) $y = \cos^2 \sin x$

③

$$\textcircled{f} \quad y = \sec^4 x - \tan^4 x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \sec^3 x * \sec x \cdot \tan x + 1 - 4 \tan^3 x \cdot \sec^2 x * 1$$

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \sec^4 x \tan x - 4 \tan^3 x \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \sec^2 x \tan x (\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x)$$

← المشتقة الزاوية

$$\textcircled{e} \quad y = \cos 2x - 2 \sin x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin 2x * 2 - 2 \cos x * 1$$

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2 \sin 2x - 2 \cos x$$

$$\textcircled{h} \quad y = \tan x + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3 x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sec^2 x + \frac{1}{3} * 3 \tan^2 x * \sec^2 x * 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sec^2 x + \tan^2 x \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sec^2 x (1 + \tan^2 x)$$

← المشتقة الزاوية

F) $y = \cos x - \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x * 1 - \frac{1}{3} * 3 \cos^2 x * -\sin x * 1$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x + \cos^2 x \sin x = \sin x (1 + \cos^2 x)$
دالة الجيب مع الأس 2

G) $y = \frac{1}{\cos^n x}$ *دالة الجيب العكسية*

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos^n x * 0 - 1 * n \cos^{n-1} x * -\sin x * 1}{\cos^{2n} x}$

$(\cos^n x)^2 = \cos^{2n} x$
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$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{n \cos^{n-1} x \sin x}{\cos^{2n} x}$

M) $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$ *دالة الجيب العكسية*

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1 + \cos x) * \cos x * 1 - \sin x * (0 + (-\sin x) * 1)}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos x (1 + \cos x) + \sin^2 x}{(1 + \cos x)^2} = \frac{\cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad y = \cos^2 \sin x$$

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \cos(\sin x) * \underbrace{-\sin(\sin x)}_{\text{الأولى}} * \underbrace{\cos x}_{\text{مشتق الأولى}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2 \cos(\sin x) \sin(\sin x) \cos x$$