

Applications of Derivative / Related rates of changes.

Let $Q = f(t)$ where t is time

$\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t}$ = average rate change

$\frac{dQ}{dt}$ = instantaneous rate of change

if $\frac{dQ}{dt}$ is +ve $\Rightarrow Q$ increasing

if $\frac{dQ}{dt}$ is -ve $\Rightarrow Q$ decreasing

To Solve the problem of related rates

- 1- Write an equation that relates the variable quantities
- 2- Differentiate both sides with respect to the time t
- 3- Substitute ~~the~~ the given information and solve for unknown rate.

Ex / How fast is the radius of a ball changing where the air is blown into it at the rate of $10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{Sec}$? find rate where $r = 6 \text{ cm}$?

Solⁿ: $r = \text{radius (variable)}$ $\frac{dr}{dt}$
 $V = \text{Volume of the air (ball)}$, $\frac{dV}{dt}$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{Sec}, \quad \frac{dr}{dt} = ?$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \Rightarrow \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4}{3} \pi (3r^2 \frac{dr}{dt})$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$10 = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{10}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{5}{2\pi r^2}$$

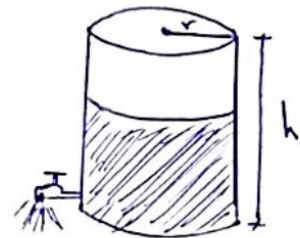
$$\frac{dr}{dt} \text{ at } r=6 \Rightarrow \frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{5}{2\pi(6)^2} = 0.022 \text{ cm/Sec}$$

EX2/ How fast does the water level drop when a cylindrical tank is drained at the rate of 3 L/Sec?

Sol:- let V = volume of water

$$V = \pi r^2 h \text{ (r: constant)}$$

$$[\text{change in water vol.}] \frac{dV}{dt} = \pi r^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \text{ [} \frac{dh}{dt} \text{ = change in water level]}$$



$$\frac{dV}{dt} = -3 \text{ L/Sec (Volume is decreasing)}$$

$$-3 = \pi r^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{-3}{\pi r^2}$$