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# **Speed of sound**

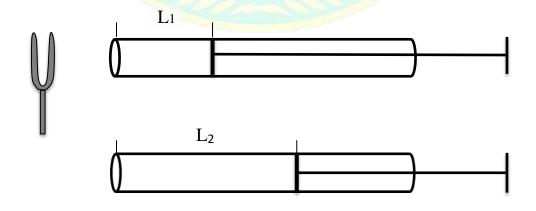
Purpose: measurement the speed of sound from the sound waves set up in the closed resonance tube.

### **Apparatus**

- 1. Closed resonance tube of variable length (see figure).
- 2. Metric scale.
- 3. Tuning forks of different frequencies.
- 4. Rubber pad.
- 5. Thermometer.

#### **Method**

- 1- Select the fork of highest frequency.
- 2- Strike it smartly, and hold it near the top of the tube.
- 3- Adjust the length of the resonance column until resonance occurs.
- 4- Measure the length of the air column in the tube.
- 5- Repeat the measurement in step (4) three times and get mean value of length( $L_1$ ).
- 6- Find a second and different position of resonance using the same forks (about three times the length of the air column) then find the mean of (L<sub>2</sub>).
- 7- Obtain different values of  $(L_1)$  and  $(L_2)$  using other forks. 8- Record the room temperature.



## Reading

Frequency (Hz) (F)	First resonance position, length of air column (L <sub>1</sub> )	Second resonance position (L <sub>2</sub> )	Speed of sound $C = 2F(L_2 - L_1)$

### Calculation

1) Find the speed of sound in laboratory (C) for each frequency.

$$C = 2F(L_2 - L_1) \qquad \text{(m/sec)}$$

2) Find the mean value of (C).

$$C = \frac{C_1 + C_2 + C_3}{3} \qquad (\text{m/sec})$$

## Questions

- 1. Why we prefer using tuning forks with high frequency?
- 2. What is the relation between the first length obtained from first resonance with the tuning forks?
- 3. What is the relation between the second length obtained from the second resonance with the tuning forks?