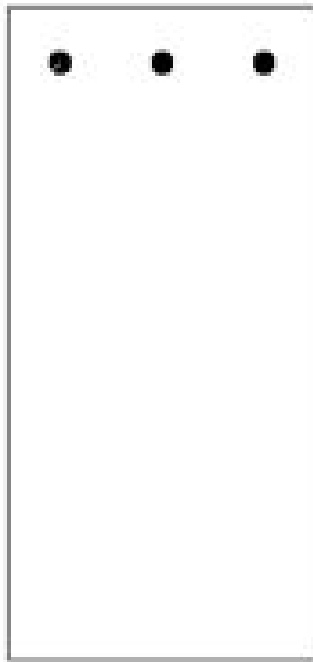


Design of rectangular beam section:

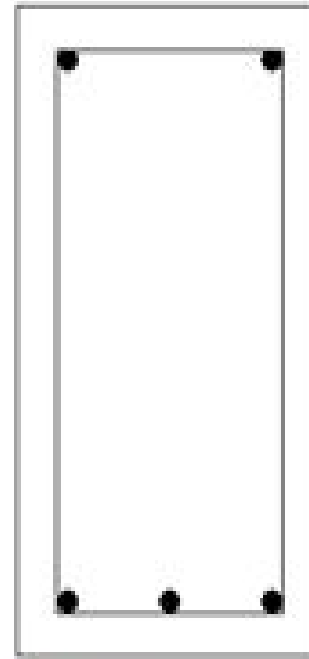
- a. Singly reinforced beam (reinforcement for tension only)
- b. Doubly reinforced beam (reinforcement for both tension and compression)



Singly Reinforced section
M-



Singly Reinforced section
M+



Doubly Reinforced section
M+

Single Reinforced Section

ACI code provision:

$$1. \rho < \rho_{\max} = 0.85 \beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.004}$$

ACI code 10.3.5 for non pre stressed flexural member and
with axial load $\leq 0.1A_g f_c'$

$$2. \rho > \rho_{\min} = \max \left(\frac{\sqrt{f_c'}}{4f_y}, \frac{1.4}{f_y} \right) \quad f_y \text{ in MPa}$$

7.7.1 — Cast-in-place concrete (nonprestressed)

The following minimum concrete cover shall be provided for reinforcement, but shall not be less than required by 7.7.5 and 7.7.7:

	Minimum cover, mm
(a) Concrete cast against and permanently exposed to earth	75
(b) Concrete exposed to earth or weather:	
No. 19 through No. 57 bars.....	50
No. 16 bar, MW 200 or MD 200 wire, and smaller	40
(c) Concrete not exposed to weather or in contact with ground:	
Slabs, walls, joists:	
No. 43 and No. 57 bars	40
No. 36 bar and smaller	20

Beams, columns:

Primary reinforcement, ties,
stirrups, spirals 40

Shells, folded plate members:

No. 19 bar and larger..... 20

No. 16 bar, MW 200 or MD 200 wire,
and smaller 13

$$S_{C_{\min}} \geq \left[\begin{array}{c} d_b = 25 \text{ mm} \\ 25 \text{ mm} \\ \frac{4}{3} \text{ max. size of agg} \end{array} \right] = 25 \text{ mm}$$

*Clear spacing between rows(layers) of reinforcement $\geq 25\text{mm}$,

ACI 7.6.2

10.3.5 — For nonprestressed flexural members and nonprestressed members with factored axial compressive load less than $0.10f_c'A_g$, ϵ_t at nominal strength shall not be less than 0.004.

H.W: Show that

$$\rho_{\max} = 0.85\beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.004}$$

$$\epsilon_c = \epsilon_{cu} = 0.003 \quad \epsilon_s = 0.004, \quad f_s = f_y \quad \rho = \frac{A_s}{bd}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$A_s f_y = 0.85 f_c' b a \div bd$$

$$\frac{A_s f_y}{bd} = 0.85 f_c' \frac{a}{d} \rightarrow \rho_{\max} = 0.85 \frac{f_c' a}{f_y d} \dots\dots(1)$$

From strain diagram:

$$\frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{c} = \frac{\epsilon_{cu} + \epsilon_s}{d} \rightarrow c = \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.004} * d$$

$$a = \beta_1 c = \beta_1 \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.004} * d \dots\dots(2)$$

sub(2)in (1)

$$\rho_{\max} = 0.85 \frac{f_c' \beta_1 \frac{\varepsilon_{cu}}{\varepsilon_{cu} + 0.004} * d}{f_y d}$$

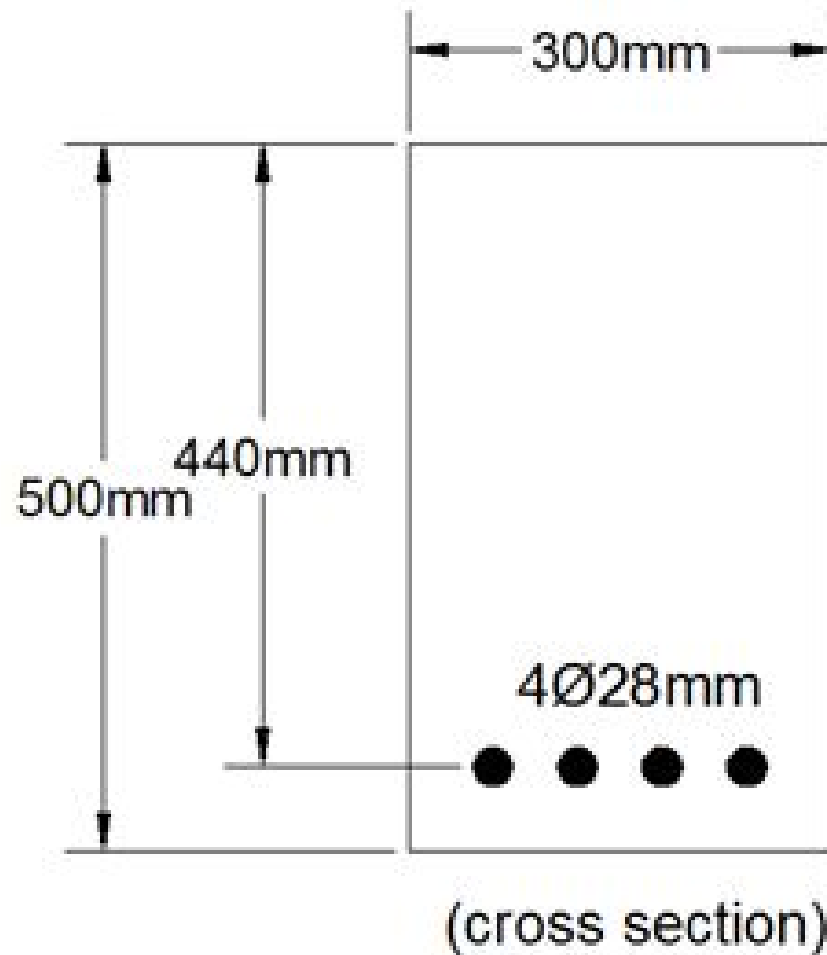
$$\rho_{\max} = 0.85 \beta_1 \frac{f_c' \varepsilon_{cu}}{f_y \varepsilon_{cu} + 0.004}$$

□

□

Ex1: For given section calculate moment capacity(M_n)

$f_c' = 27\text{MPa}$, $f_y = 400\text{MPa}$.



Solution:

$$A_s = 4 \frac{\pi}{4} (28)^2 = 2463 \text{mm}^2$$

$$\rho = \frac{A_s}{bd} = \frac{2463}{300 * 440} = 0.01866$$

$$\rho_b = 0.85 * \beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{600}{600 + f_y}$$

$$\beta_1 = 0.85 \quad f_c' = 27 \text{MPa} < 28 \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho_b = 0.85 * 0.85 * \frac{27}{400} * \frac{600}{600 + 400} = 0.0292$$

$\rho < \rho_b$ under reinforce section(tensile failure)

$$\rho_{\max} = 0.85 * \beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.004}$$

$$= 0.85 * 0.85 * \frac{27}{400} * \frac{0.003}{0.003 + 0.004} = 0.0209$$

$$\rho_{\min} = \max \left(\frac{1.4}{f_y} = \frac{1.4}{400} = 0.0035, \frac{\sqrt{f_c'}}{4f_y} = \frac{\sqrt{27}}{4 * 400} = 0.00324 \right)$$

$$= 0.0035$$

$$\rho_{\min} < \rho = 0.01866 < \rho_{\max} \quad \therefore o.k$$

$$\rho_t = 0.85 * \beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.005}$$

$$=0.85*0.85*\frac{27}{400}*\frac{0.003}{0.003+0.005}=0.0183$$

$$\rho > \rho_t, \quad \varepsilon_t < 0.005 \quad \therefore \phi = 0.483 + 83.3 * \varepsilon_t$$

$$dt = 440\text{mm}$$

$$\varepsilon_t = \varepsilon_{cu} * \frac{dt - c}{c}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$0.85f_c' b * a = A_s * f_y$$

$$a = \frac{A_s * f_y}{0.85f_c b} = \frac{2463 * 10^{-6} * 400}{0.85 * 27 * 0.3} = 0.143\text{m}$$

$$a = \beta_1 c$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1} = \frac{0.143}{0.85} = 0.168m$$

$$\varepsilon_t = 0.003 * \frac{0.44 - 0.163}{0.163} = 0.00486 < 0.005$$

$$\phi = 0.483 + 83.3 * 0.00486 = 0.887$$

$$M_n = A_s f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right) = 2463 * 10^{-6} * 400 * \left(0.44 - \frac{0.143}{2} \right) = 0.363 \text{ MN.m}$$

$$\text{or } M_n = \rho b d^2 f_y \left(1 - 0.59 \rho \frac{f_y}{f_c'} \right)$$

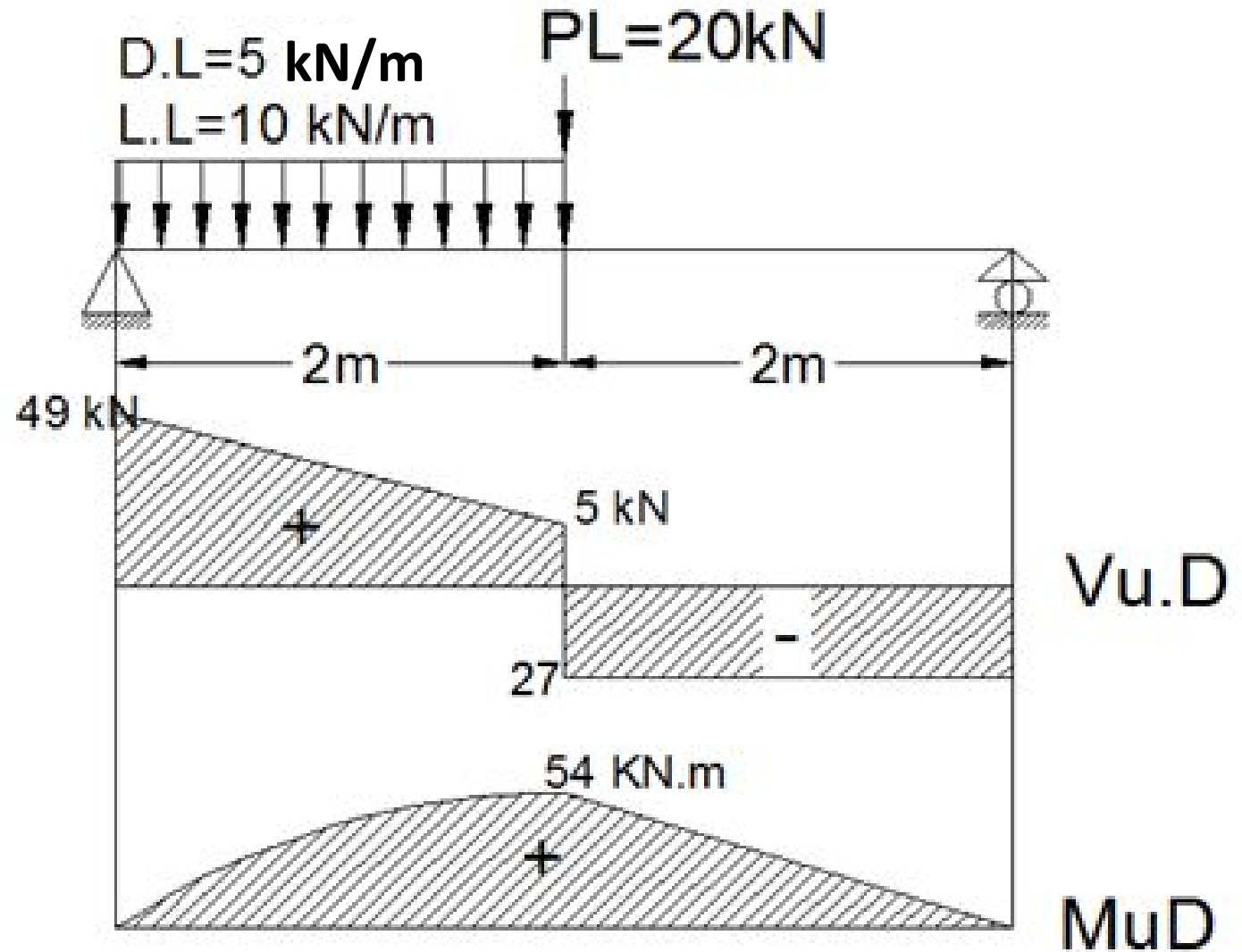
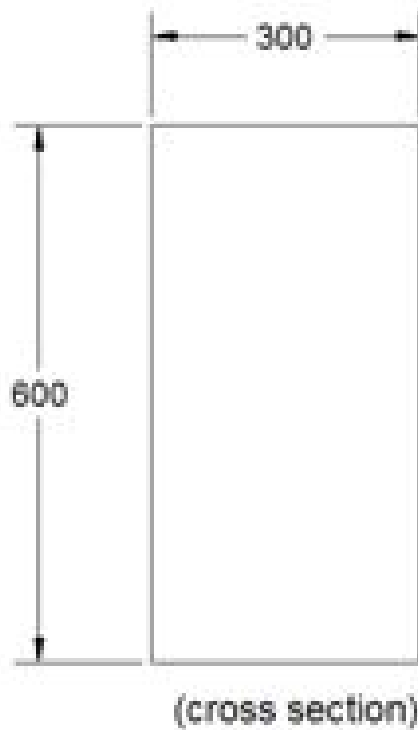
$$= 0.01866 * 0.3 * 0.44^2 * 400 * \left(1 - 0.59 * 0.01866 * \frac{400}{27} \right)$$

$$=0.363 \text{ MN.m}$$

$$M_u = \phi M_n = 0.887 * 0.363 = 0.322 \text{ MN.m} = 322 \text{ kN.m}$$

Ex2: For the given applied load and section dimensions find

$$A_s \frac{S}{C} = \frac{300}{35}$$



Solution:

$$W_u = 1.2D.L + 1.6LL = 1.2 * 5 + 1.6 * 10 = 22kN/m$$

$$P_{uL} = 1.6 * 20 = 32kN$$

$$Mu_{ext.} = 54 kN.m = 0.054 MN.m$$

$$Mu_{ext} = \phi Mn = \phi \rho b d^2 f_y \left(1 - 0.59 \rho \frac{f_y}{f_c'} \right)$$

$$d = h - \text{cover} - d_{\text{stirrup}} - d_{\text{bar}}/2 = 600 - 40 - 10 - 25/2 = 537\text{mm}, \text{ (db, ds are assumed)}$$

Assume $\phi = 0.9$ to be checked later

$$0.054 = 0.9 * \rho * 0.3 * 0.537^2 * 300 * \left(1 - 0.59 * \rho * \frac{300}{35} \right)$$

$$118.12\rho^2 - 23.35\rho + 0.054 = 0$$

$$\rho = 0.00234(\text{used}) \text{ and } \rho = 0.195 > \rho_{max}, (\text{ignored})$$

$$\rho_{max} = 0.85\beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.004}$$

$$f_c' = 35 > 28 \text{ MPa} \rightarrow \beta_1 = 0.85 - \frac{f_c' - 28}{7} * 0.05$$

$$= 0.80 > 0.65 \text{ ok}$$

$$\rho_{max} = 0.85 * 0.80 * \frac{35}{300} * \frac{0.003}{0.003 + 0.004}$$

$$\rho_{max} = 0.0344 > \rho \text{ ok}$$

$$\rho_{min} = \max \left(\frac{\sqrt{fc'}}{4fy} = 0.00493, \frac{1.4}{fy} = 0.0047 \right) = 0.00493$$

$$\rho < \rho_{min} \therefore \text{use } \rho = \rho_{min}$$

$$\text{since } \rho = \rho_{min} \rightarrow \phi = 0.9$$

$$\rho_t = 0.85 \beta_1 \frac{fc'}{fy} \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.005} = 0.85 * 0.80 * \frac{35}{300} * \frac{0.003}{0.003 + 0.005}$$

$$\rho_t = 0.03 > \rho, \therefore \phi = 0.9$$

$$As = \rho b d = 0.00493 * 300 * 537$$

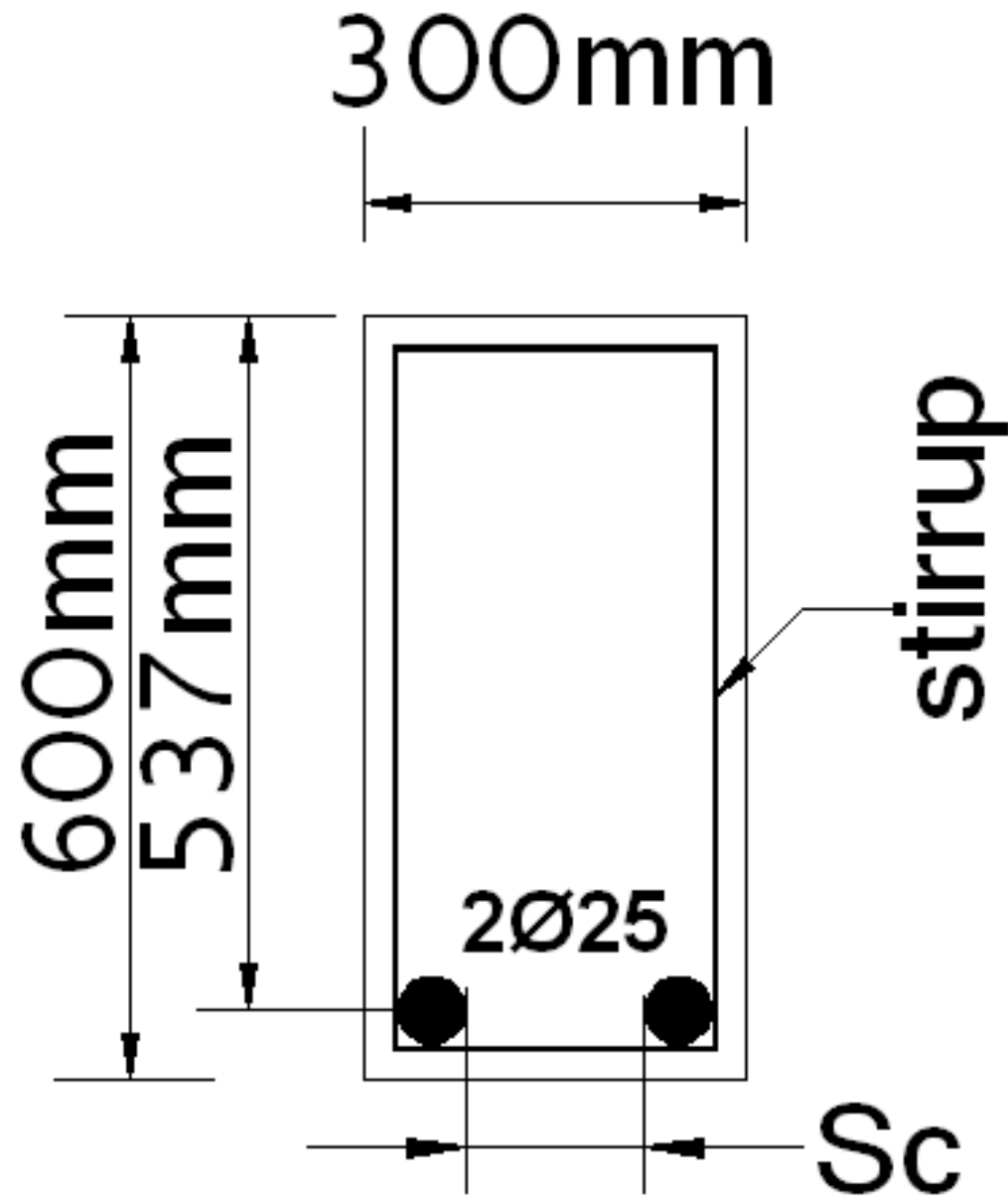
$$As = 795 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$n = \frac{A_s}{A_{s_b}} = \frac{795}{\frac{\pi}{4} 25^2} = 1.6 \cong 2 \rightarrow \text{use } 2\emptyset 25$$

$$S_{c_{\min}} \geq \left[\begin{array}{c} d_b = 25 \text{ mm} \\ 25 \text{ mm} \\ 4 \\ \frac{1}{3} \text{ max. size of agg} \\ 3 \end{array} \right] = 25 \text{ mm}$$

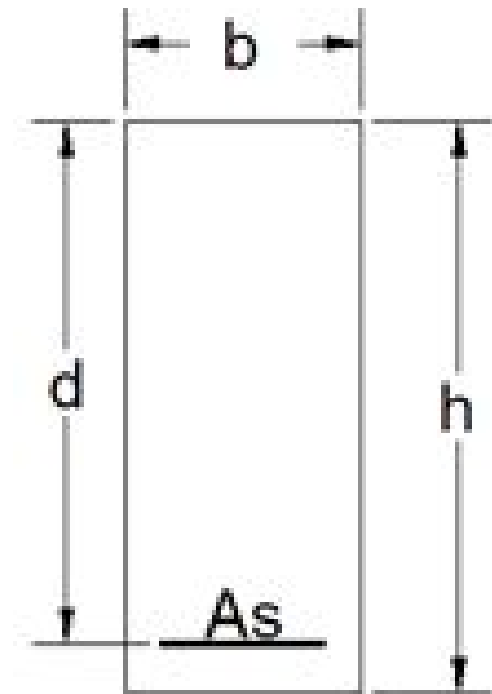
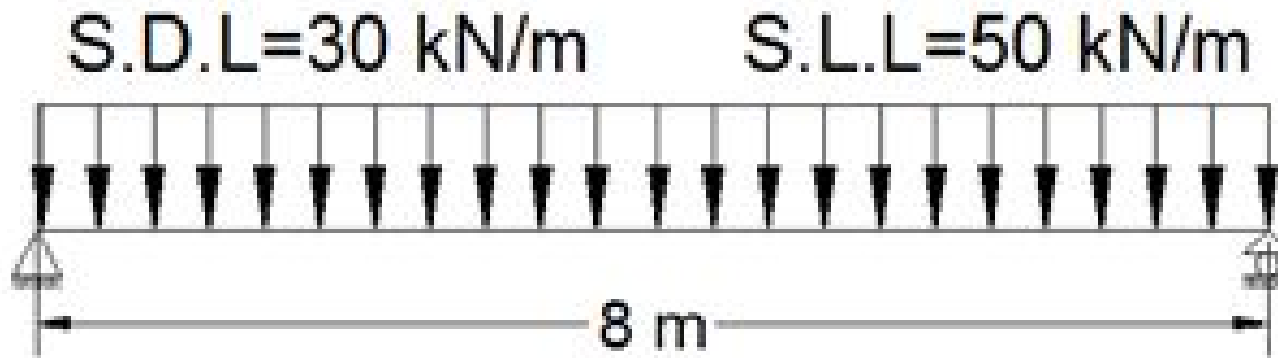
$$S_c = \frac{b - 2 * \text{cover} - 2 * d_{\text{stirrup}} - n * d_{\text{bar}}}{n - 1}$$

$$S_c = \frac{300 - 2 * 40 - 2 * 10 - 2 * 25}{2 - 1} = 150 \text{ mm} > S_{c_{\min}} = 25 \text{ mm}$$



EX3: For the given applied load calculate (b, d, h and A_s).

$$\frac{S}{C} = \frac{400}{35}$$



Solution:

$$W_u = 1.2 D.l + 1.6 * LL = 1.2 * 30 + 1.6 * 50 = 116 \frac{kN}{m}$$

$$Mu_{ext} = \frac{W_u l^2}{8} = \frac{116 * 8^2}{8} = 928 kN.m$$

Assume $\rho [0.5\rho_{max} \leftrightarrow 0.75\rho_{max}]$

$$\rho_{max} = 0.85 * \beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} \frac{0.003}{0.003 + 0.004}$$

$$\text{for } f_c' = 35 \rightarrow \beta_1 = 0.85 - \frac{(f_c' - 28)}{7} * 0.05 = 0.80 > 0.65 \text{ o.k}$$

$$\rho_{max} = 0.85 * 0.80 * \frac{35}{400} * \frac{0.003}{0.007} = 0.0255$$

$$\text{let } \rho = 0.6\rho_{max}$$

$$\therefore \rho = 0.6 * 0.0255 = 0.0153$$

$$\rho_t = 0.85 * \beta_1 \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.005}$$

$$\rho_t = 0.85 * 0.80 * \frac{35}{400} * \frac{0.003}{0.003 + 0.005} = 0.0223 > \rho$$

$$\rho = 0.0153 < \rho_t \quad \therefore \phi = 0.9$$

$$M_u = \phi \rho b d^2 f_y \left(1 - 0.59 \rho \frac{f_y}{f_c'} \right)$$

0.928

$$= 0.9 * 0.0153 * (bd^2) * 400 * \left(1 - 0.59 * 0.0153 * \frac{400}{35} \right)$$

$$\rightarrow bd^2 = 0.1857 \text{m}^3$$

assume $d = (2 \leftrightarrow 3)b \rightarrow$ let $d = 3b$

$$b(3b)^2 = 0.1857 \rightarrow b = 0.274 \text{m} = 274 \text{mm}$$

$$\text{use } b = 300 \text{mm} \rightarrow 0.3d^2 = 0.1857 \quad \therefore d = 787 \text{mm}$$

$$A_s = \rho b d = 0.0155 * 300 * 787 = 3660 \text{mm}^2$$

use $\emptyset 30$ mm bars

$$n = \frac{A_s}{A_b} = \frac{3660}{\frac{\pi}{4} 30^2} = 5.18 \rightarrow \text{use } 6\emptyset 30\text{mm}$$

Assume one layer of reinforcement

min. concrete cover = 40 mm (ACI 7.7.1)

$$S_{c_{min}} = \max \left[\begin{array}{c} db = 30\text{mm} \\ 25\text{mm} \\ \frac{4}{3} \text{max. size of agg} \end{array} \right] = 30\text{mm}$$

$$S_c = \frac{300 - 2*40 - 2*10 - 6*30}{6-1} = 4\text{mm} < S_{c_{min}} \quad \text{N.G}$$

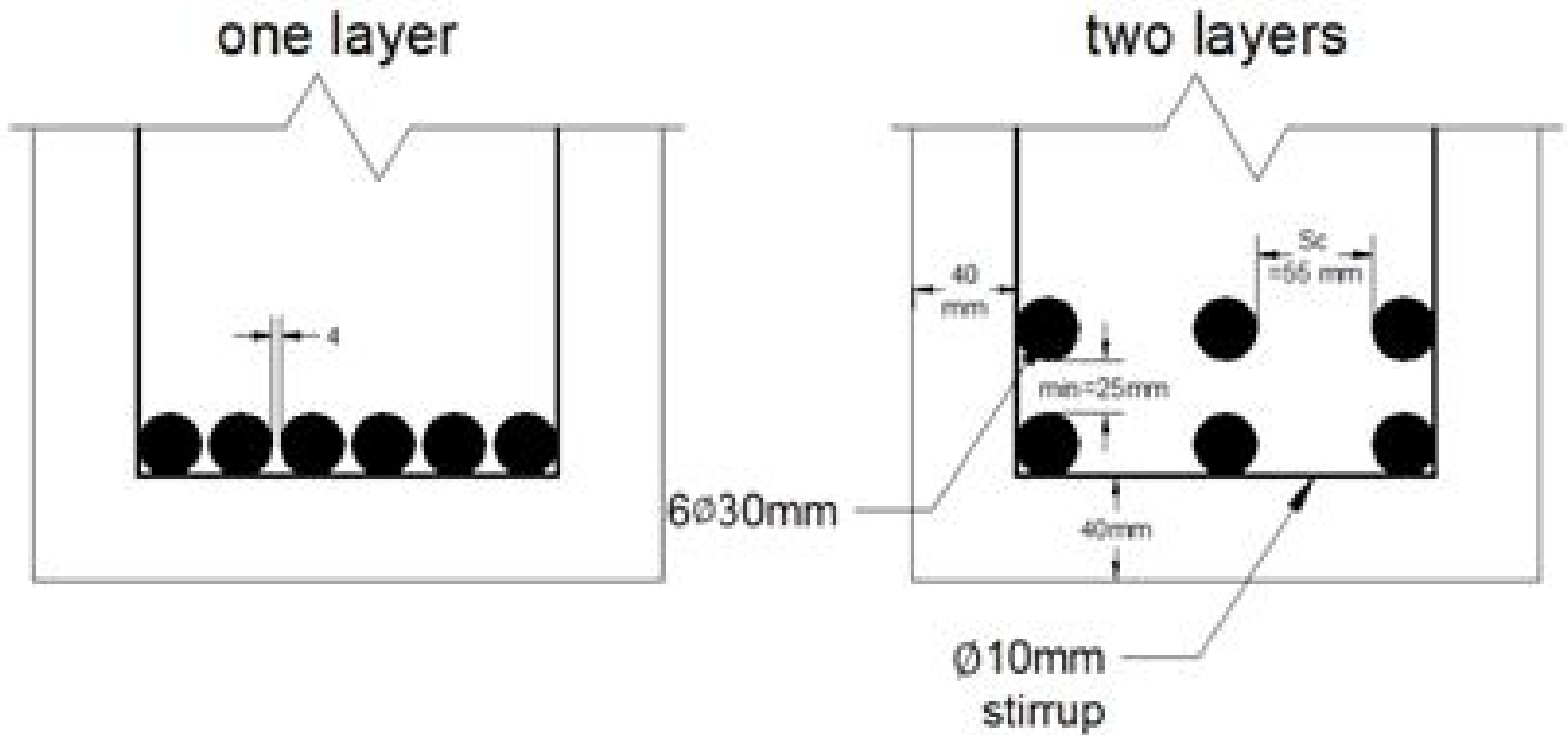
∴ use two layers of reinforcement

$$S_c = \frac{300 - 2 * 40 - 2 * 10 - 3 * 30}{(3 - 1)} = 55\text{mm} > 30\text{mm}$$

→ o.k

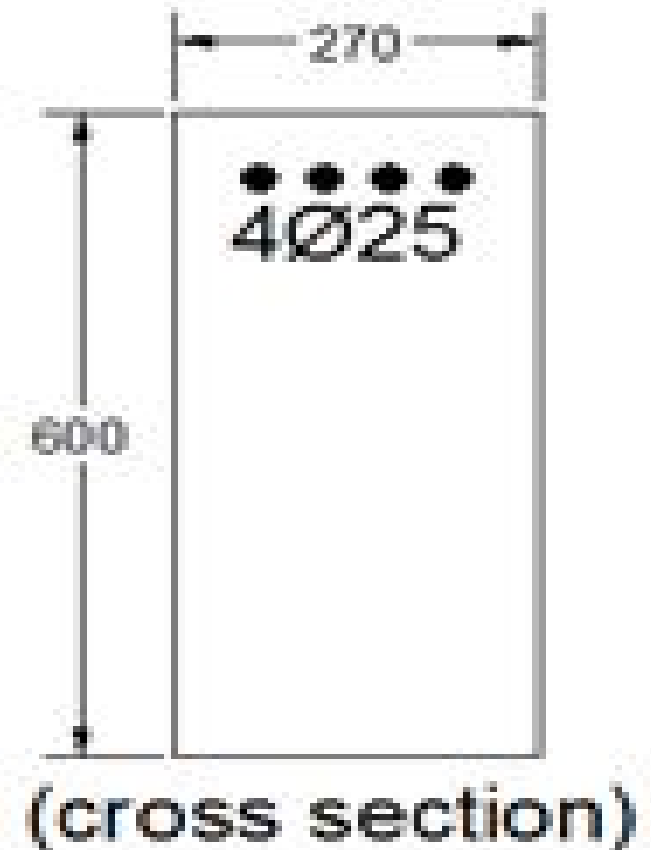
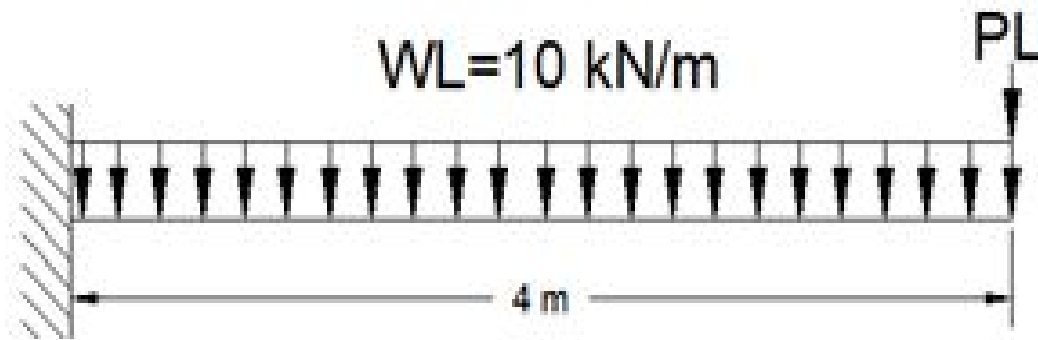
$$h = d + \frac{25}{2} + db + 10 + 40 = 879.5$$

use $h = 880\text{ mm}$



Ex4: $\frac{S}{C} = \frac{300}{20}$ MPa, D.L= self-weight of the beam.

Find max. value of P_L ?



Solution:

$$W_u = 1.2D.L + 1.6 * L.L$$

$$= 1.2 * (0.27 * 0.6 * 24) + 1.6 * 10 = 20.67 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Mu_{ext} = \frac{W_u * l^2}{2} + PL * l = \frac{20.67 * 4^2}{2} + 1.6PL * 4$$

$$= 165.36 + 6.4PL$$

$$d = 600 - 40 - 10 - \frac{25}{2} = 537 \text{ mm}$$

$$\rho = \frac{4 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} * 25^2 \right)}{270 * 537} = 0.0135$$

$$\rho_{\max} = 0.85 \beta_1 * \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{\epsilon_{cu}}{\epsilon_{cu} + 0.004}$$

$$\rho_{\max} = 0.850 * 0.85 * \frac{20}{300} * \frac{0.003}{0.003 + 0.004} = 0.0206$$

$$\rho_{\min} = \max \left(\frac{1.4}{f_y} = 0.0047, \frac{\sqrt{20}}{4 * 300} = 0.0037 \right) = 0.0047$$

$$\rho_{\min} < \rho < \rho_{\max}$$

$$\rho_t = 0.85 \beta_1 * \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{0.003}{0.003 + 0.005} = 0.01806 > \rho \rightarrow \therefore \phi = 0.9$$

$$M_u = \phi M_n = \phi \rho b d^2 f_y \left(1 - 0.59 \rho \frac{f_y}{f_c'} \right)$$

M_u

$$= 0.9 * 0.0135 * 0.27 * 0.537^2$$

$$* 300 \left(1 - 0.59 * 0.0135 * \frac{300}{20} \right) = 0.25 MN.m$$

$$= 250 kN.m$$

$$M_{u_{int}} = M_{u_{ext}} = 250 = 165.36 + 6.4PL$$

$$PL = 13.225 kN$$

Ex5: The same previous example, if PL=40kN find A_s

Solution:

$$M_{u_{ext}} = 165.56 + 6.4 * 40 = 421 \text{ kN.m}$$

Let $\phi = 0.9$ to be checked later

$$M_u = \phi M_n = \phi \rho b d^2 f_y \left(1 - 0.59 * \rho \frac{f_y}{f_c'} \right)$$

$$0.421 = 0.9 * \rho * 0.27 * 0.537^2 * 300 \left(1 - 0.59 \rho \frac{300}{20} \right)$$

$$186.04 \rho^2 - 21.02 \rho + 0.421 = 0$$

$$\rho = \left[\begin{array}{l} 0.026 \\ 0.086 \end{array} \right] = 0.026 \text{ (choose min positive value)}$$

$$\rho_{max} = 0.85 \beta_1 * \frac{f_c'}{f_y} * \frac{0.003}{0.007} = 0.0206$$

$\rho > \rho_{max}$. N.G

To solve the problem

- 1- Increase (h) if it's allowable
- 2- Use Doubly reinforced section