

# AL- MUSTAQBAL UNIVERSITY COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING

# Digital Signal Processing (DSP) BME 312

Lecture 7

- Discrete Time Signals -

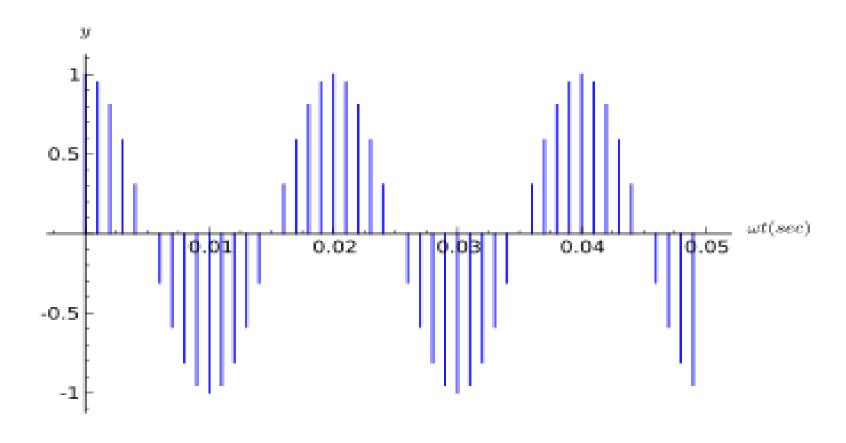
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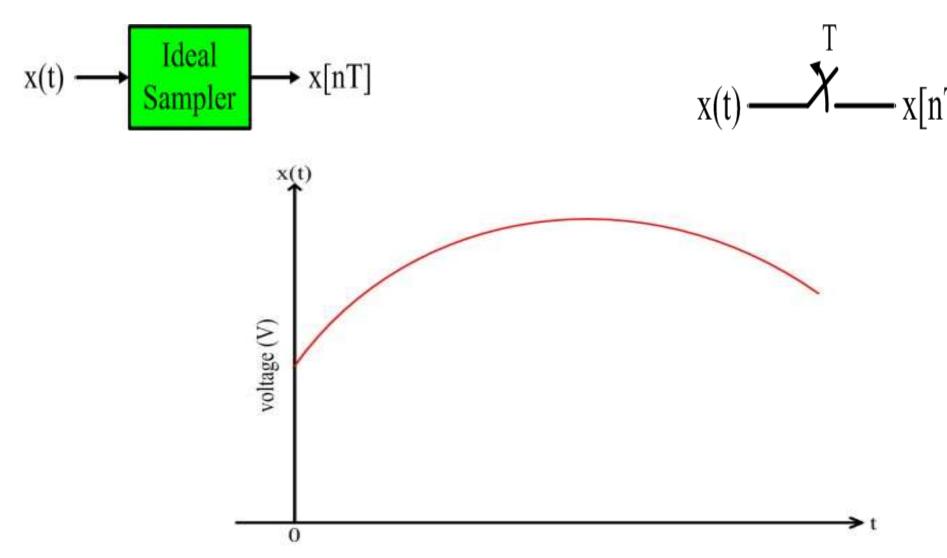
#### Discrete Time Signals



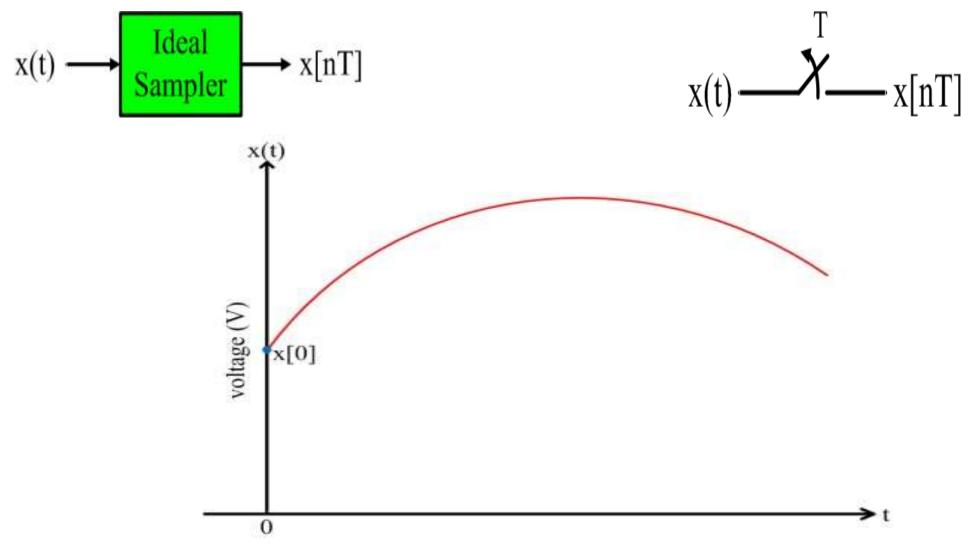






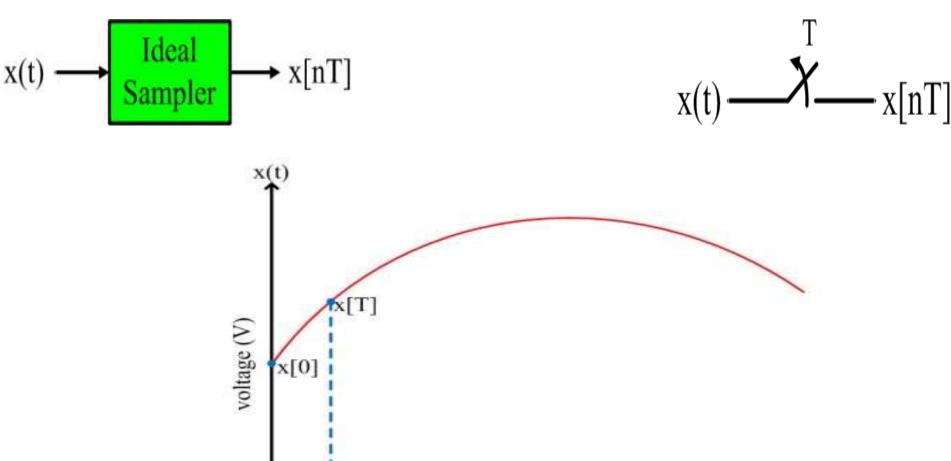






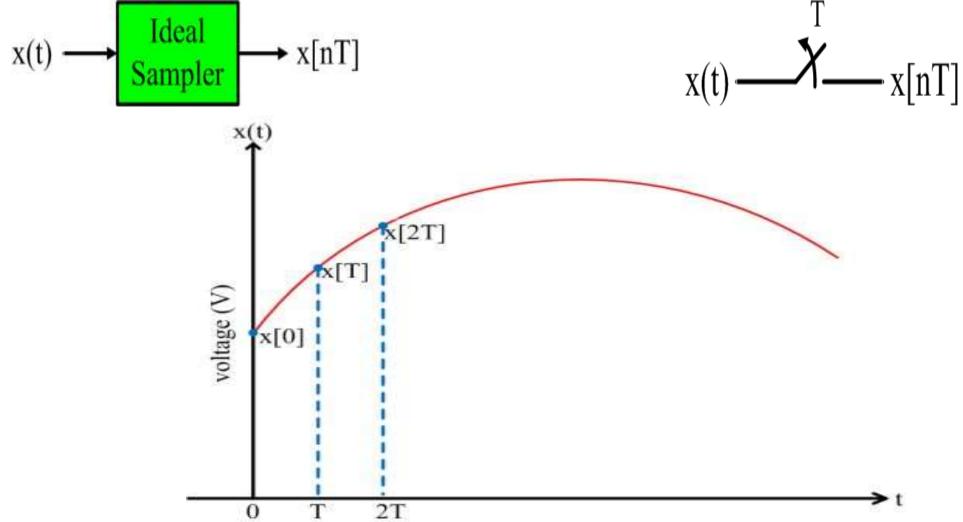






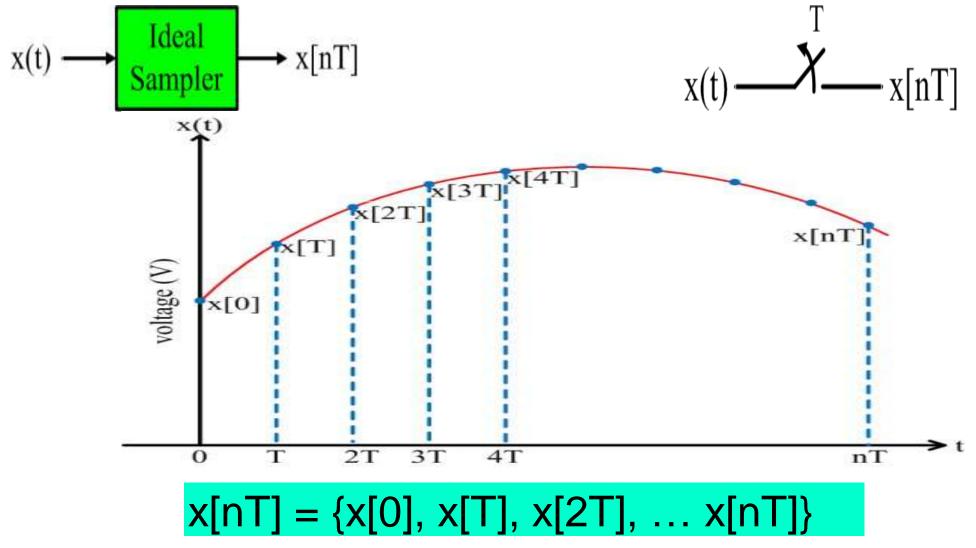






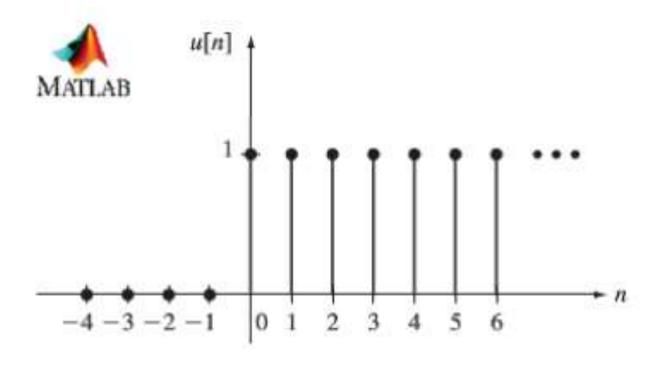






#### Unit - Step Function u(n)

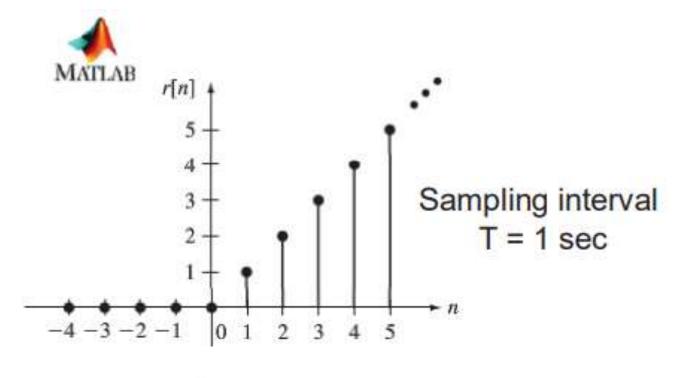




$$u[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & n = 0, 1, \dots \\ 0, & n = -1, -2, \dots \end{cases}$$

### Unit - Ramp Function r(n)

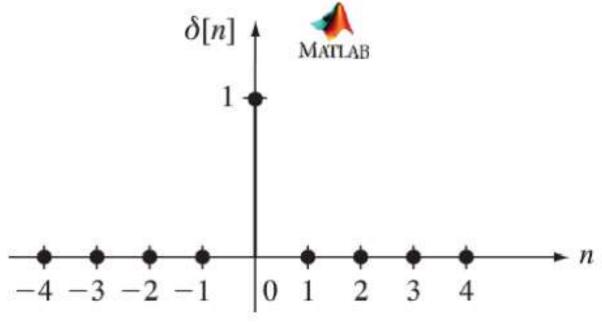




$$r[n] = \begin{cases} n, & n = 0, 1, \dots \\ 0, & n = -1, -2, \dots \end{cases}$$

#### Unit Impulse Function

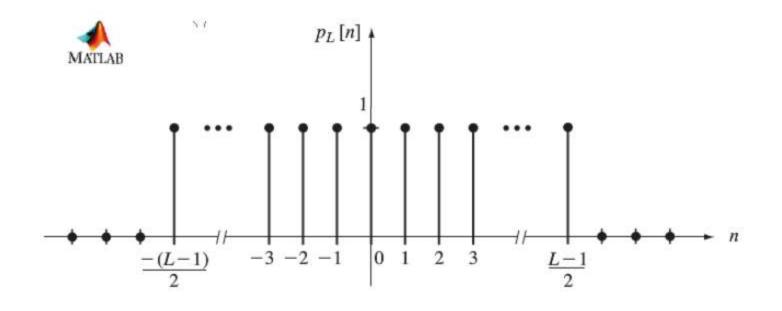




$$\delta[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & n = 0 \\ 0, & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

#### Rectangular Pulse Function

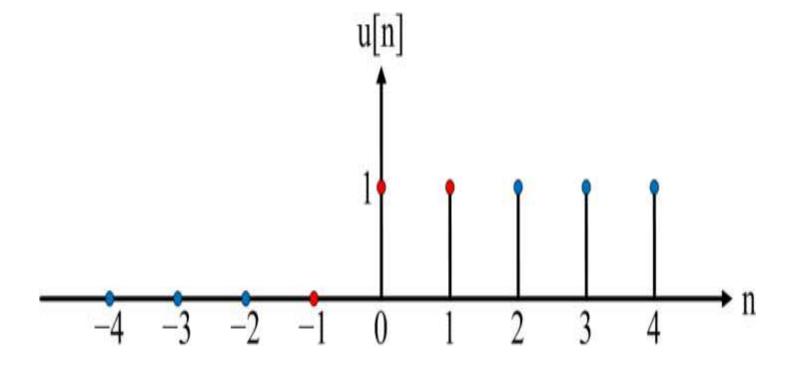




$$p_L[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & n = -(L-1)/2, \dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots, (L-1)/2 \\ 0, & \text{all other } n \end{cases}$$



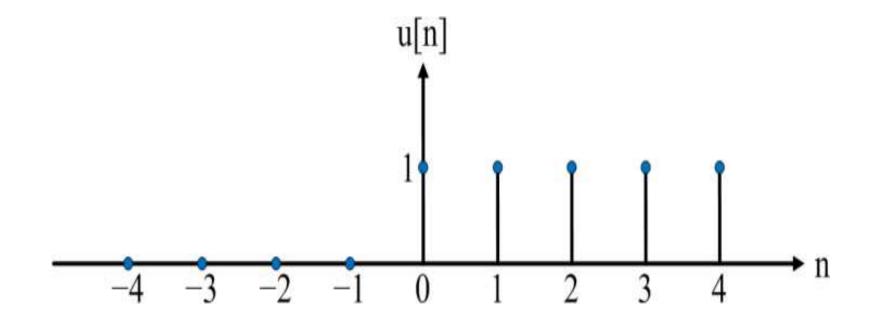
Determine the values of u[-1], u[0] and u[1].



$$u[-1] = 0$$
,  $u[0] = 1$  and  $u[1] = 1$ 

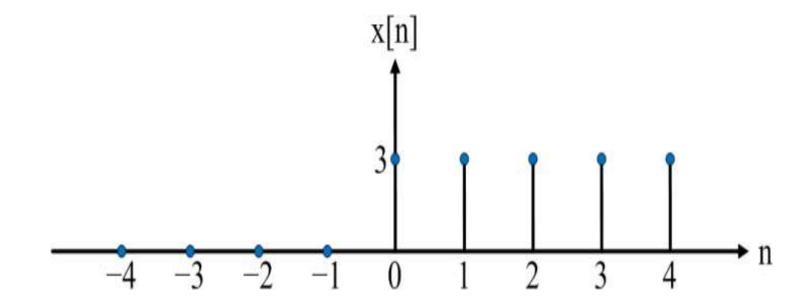


$$x[n] = u[n]$$



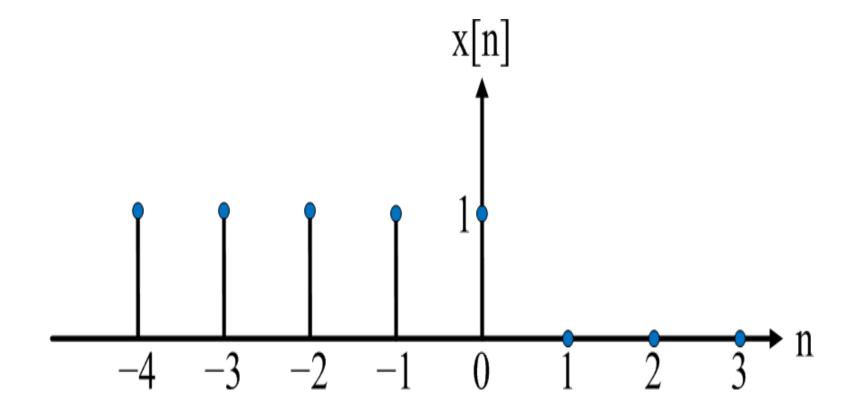


$$x[n] = 3u[n]$$



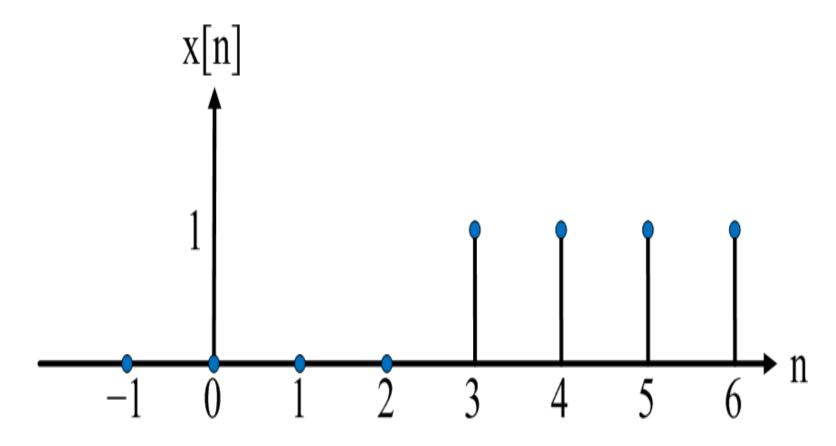


$$x[n] = u[-n]$$



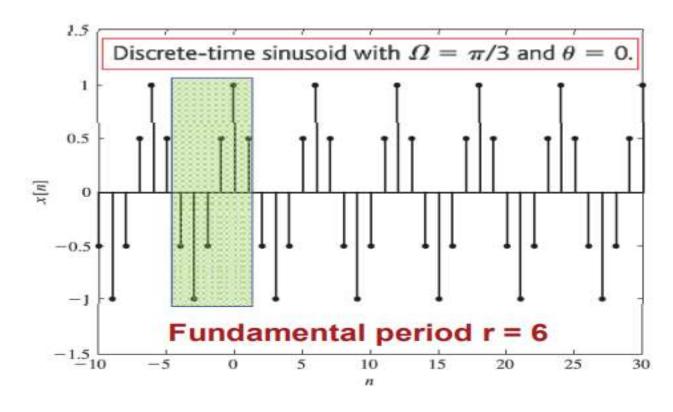


$$x[n] = u[n-3]$$



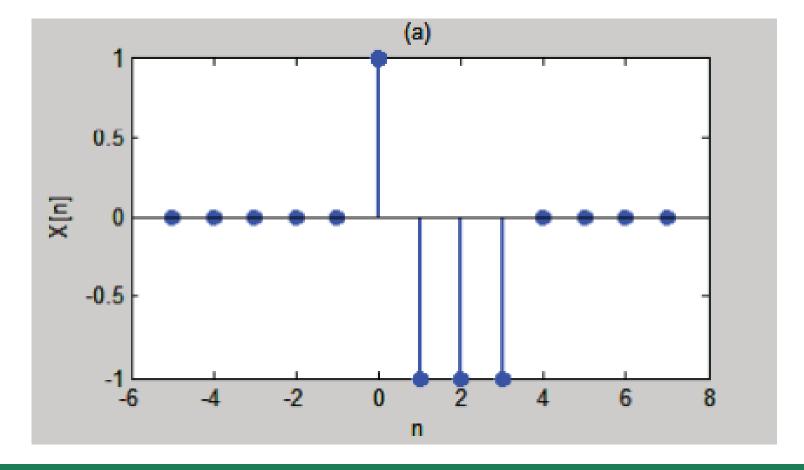


$$x[n] = A\cos(\Omega n + \theta)$$



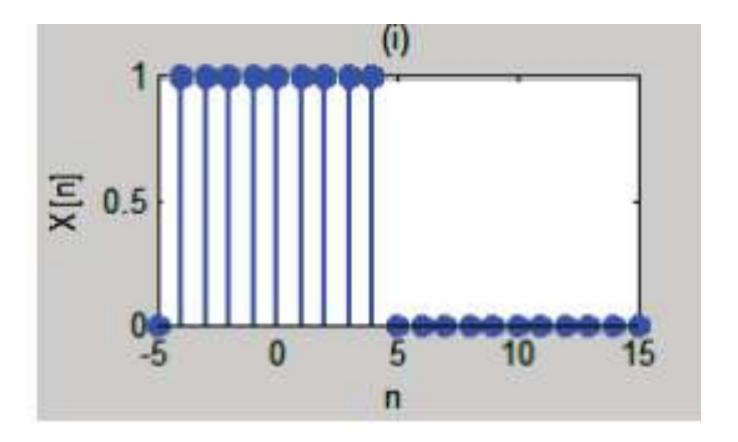


$$x[n] = u[n] - 2u[n-1] + u[n-4]$$





$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & -4 \le n \le 4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



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