Al-Mustaqbal University College/ Department of Pharmacy Pharmacology lab 5/ 4th stage

Evaluation of Analgesia

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Opioid Analgesic

opioid – opium

A dark brown ,resinous material obtained from poppy

The plant name is

Papaver somniferum capsules





Morphine

First isolated from opium by

German scientist **Friedrich Serturner** in about 1804.

Friedrich Serturner

- German Scientists
- Discovered Morphine



Wife Overdosed from use of morphine



Opioid Analgesic

Uses

- Severe acute shooting visceral pain
- MI
- Terminal stages in malignancy
- Severe crush injuries
- Postoperative pain

Morphine

Mechanism of action

Morphine acts on mu (µ) receptors (a kind of opioid receptors) present in CNS and other tissues.

Mu receptors are found mainly in brainstem and medial thalamus. Related to analgesia, euphoria respiratory depression, release of prolactin and anorexia.

Morphine Mechanism



Morphine Pharmacokinetics

It can be given through oral, I.V,I.M,SC

 short half-life of around 2.5-3 hours and morphine-6glucuronide

90 % is excreted through urine and 7-10 % in the form of biliary excretion.

- Rapidly enters all body tissues.
- It enters the brain rapidly, can cross placental barrier and is also secreted in milk.

Morphine derivatives

What is heroin?

- Synthetic derivative of morphine
- (diacetyl morphine)
- Similar properties
- Treatment of overdose or withdrawal same as morphine

codeine, hvdrocodeine

What is heroin?

dihydrocodeine, ethyl morphine, and dihydromorphine

Morphine/adverse effects

- Adverse effects
- Respiratory depression occurs even in small doses.
- Allergic skin rashes, contact dermatitis, pruritus may occur due to release of histamine.
- Anaphylactic reaction
- It may cause nausea, vomiting, mental clouding, dysphoria, headache and fatigue. It also causes constipation, hypotension and urinary retention.

Morphine

- Adverse effects
- Tolerance and drug dependence are major drawback of morphine therapy.
 Physical and psychological dependence may occur.
- Withdrawal symptoms include fever, increase in heart rate and BP, intestinal cramps, insomnia, weakness and back and leg pain for several weeks.

