



2<sup>nd</sup> Stage

# Introduction

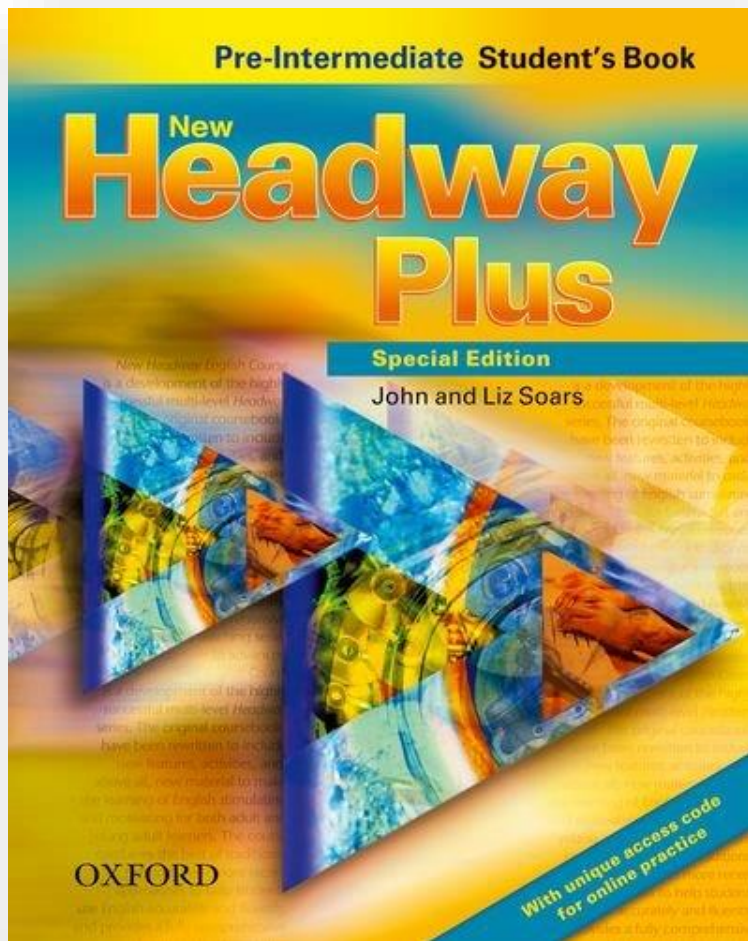
# English Language

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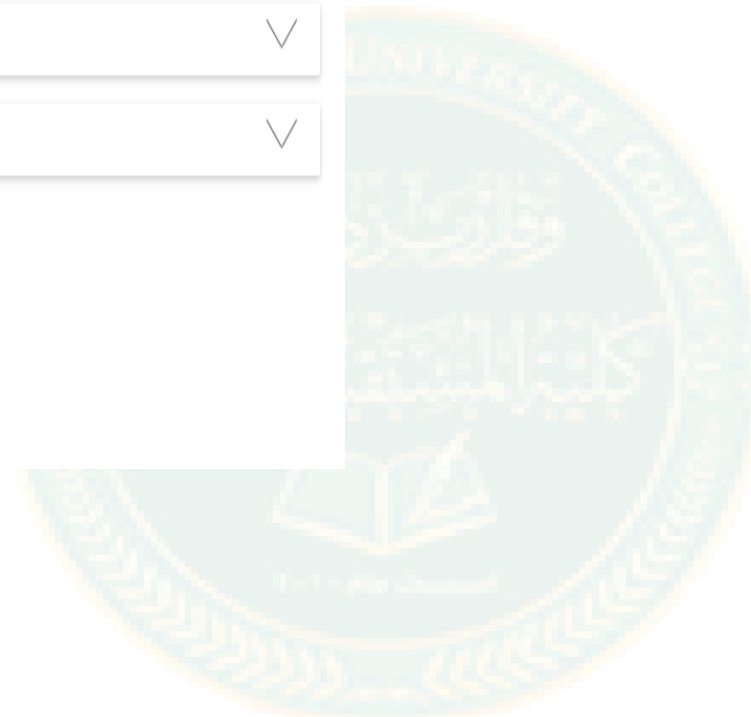
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# Sentence in English

Subject

Predicate



**Predicate** / verb + complement

He is a teacher



They study English



I am a student

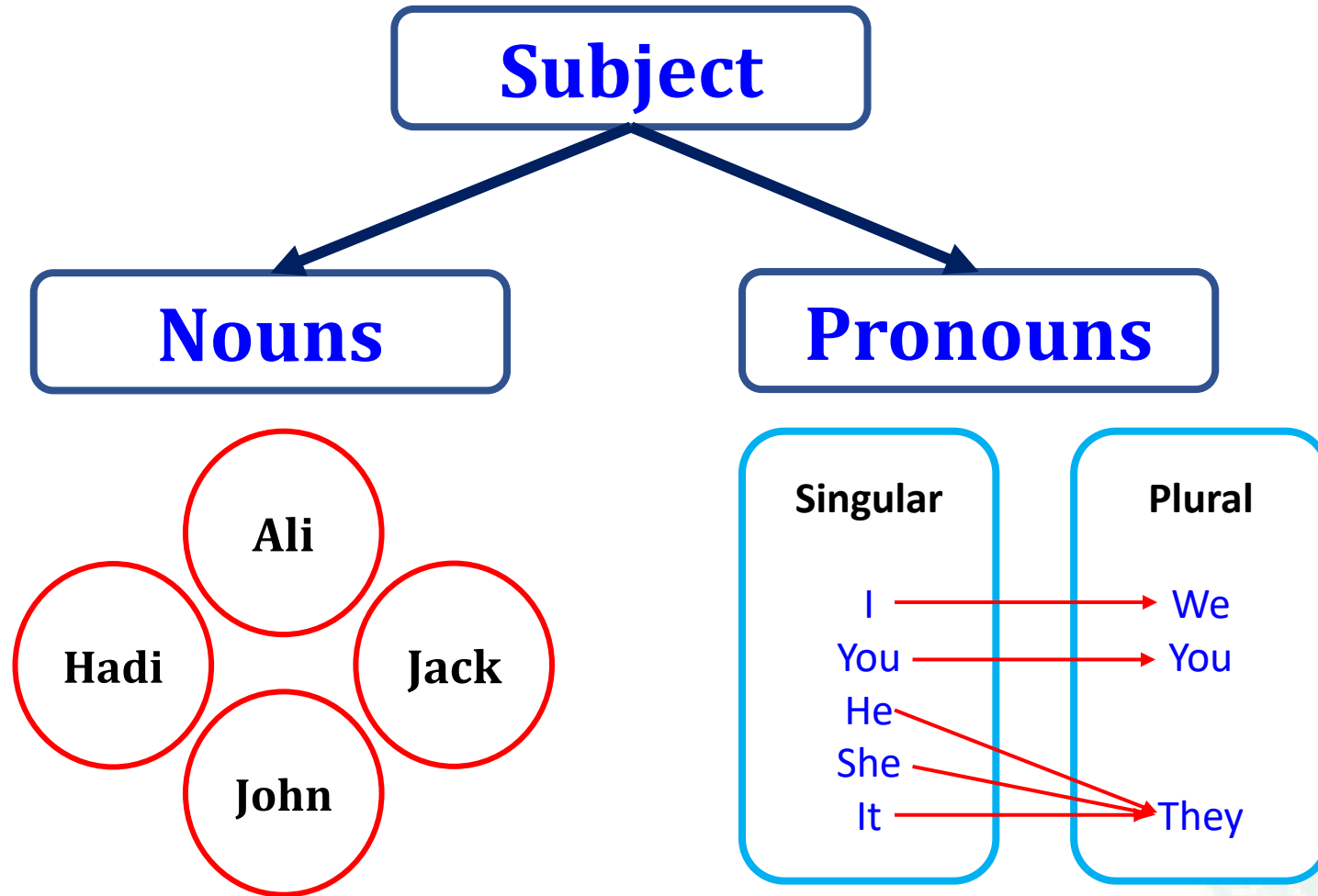


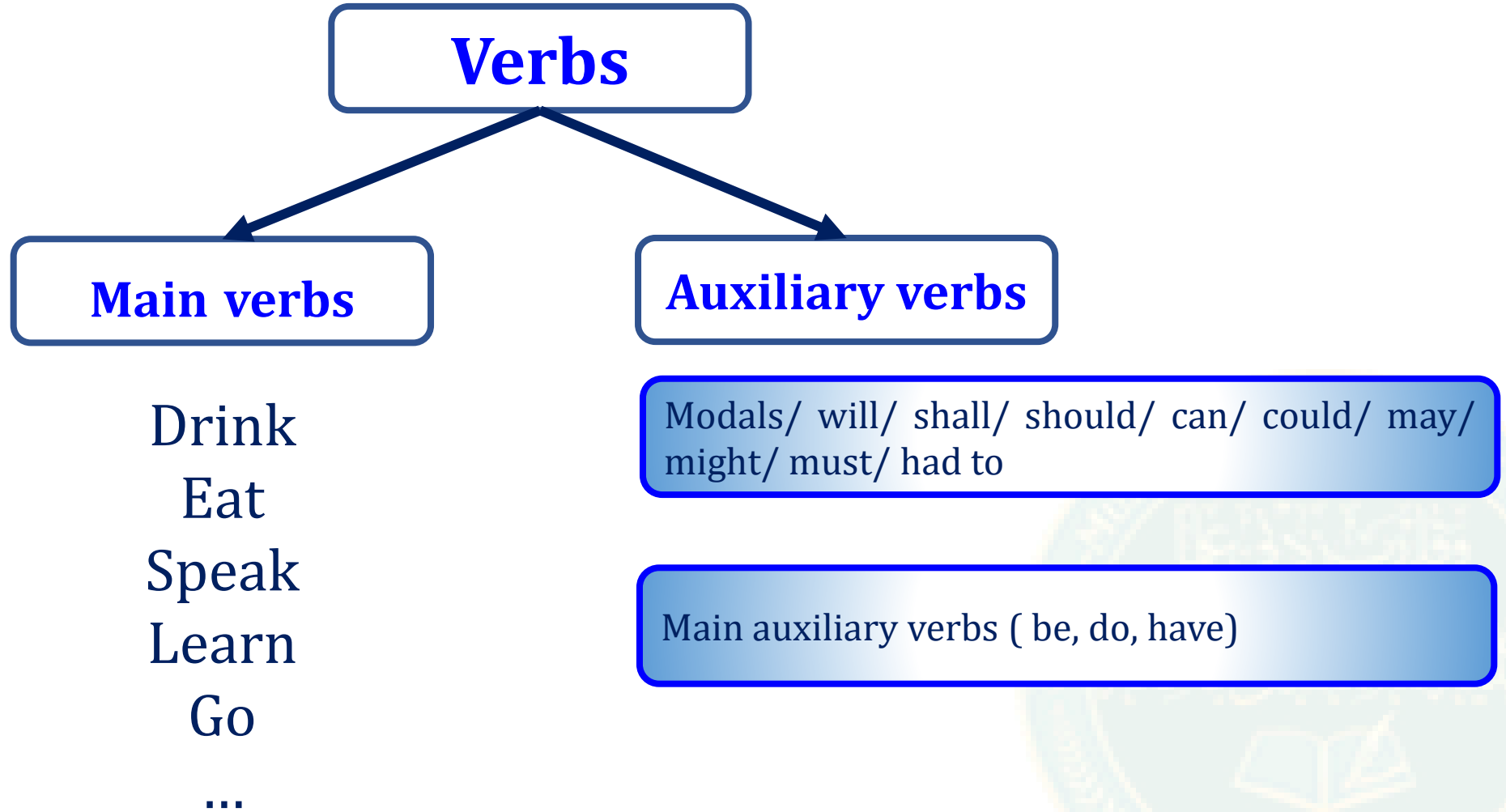
He drinks water



They are workers









Present

Be

Past

am, is, are

was, were

Singular

I **am**  
You **are**  
He **is**  
She **is**  
It **is**

Plural

We **are**  
You **are**  
They **are**

Subjects: I, you, he, she, it, we,  
and they.

“You” is singular or plural.

After the subject, the verb “be”  
changes to **am**, **is**, or **are**.

Singular

I **was**  
You **were**  
He **was**  
She **was**  
It **was**

Plural

We **were**  
You **were**  
They **were**

I **am** a teacher

You **are** a student.

He **is** a man.

She **is** a woman.

It **is** an apple.

We **are** people.

You **are** students.

They **are** workers.

I **was** in my classroom yesterday.

You **were** there, too.

He **was** at a movie last night.

She **was** at home.

We **were** at school yesterday.

You **were** on this website earlier.

They **were** outside in the snow.



Present	Do	Past
<b>do, does</b>		<b>did</b>
<b>Singular</b>		<b>Singular</b>
I <b>do</b>		I <b>did</b>
You <b>do</b>		You <b>did</b>
He <b>does</b>		He <b>did</b>
She <b>does</b>		She <b>did</b>
It <b>does</b>		It <b>did</b>
<b>Plural</b>		<b>Plural</b>
We <b>do</b>		We <b>did</b>
You <b>do</b>		You <b>did</b>
They <b>do</b>		They <b>did</b>

The verb “do” can be used to make a statement:

I **do** my homework every weekend.

...but it is usually used to make the present tense or the past tense negative:

I **don't** have any money. (**present**)



## Do

It's also used when making questions:

**Do** you know what time it is? (present)

**Does** he have a coat? (present)

**Statement:** I wear glasses.

**Negative:** I don't wear glasses.

**Question:** Do you wear glasses?

The past tense form of “do” is “did”.

**Examples:**

I did the dishes last night.

She did her grocery shopping at Cub.

“Do” is often used as a main verb, but only for particular activities, such as **housework, cleaning, studying, research, and shopping.**

**Examples:**

I do the dishes every night. (do = wash)

She does her grocery shopping at Cub. (do = go/finish)

They do their homework at the library. (do = complete)

**Hint:** The verb “do” is very important, therefore we will study it comprehensively later.

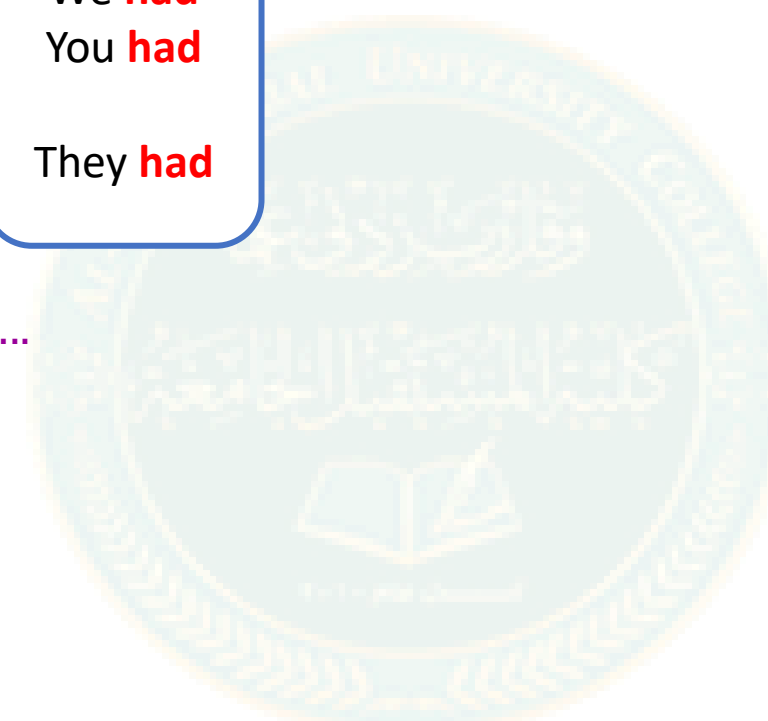




	<b>Have</b>	
<b>Present</b>		<b>Past</b>
<b>have, has</b>		<b>had</b>
<b>Singular</b>		<b>Singular</b>
I <b>have</b>		I <b>had</b>
You <b>have</b>		You <b>had</b>
He <b>has</b>		He <b>had</b>
She <b>has</b>		She <b>had</b>
It <b>has</b>		It <b>had</b>
<b>Plural</b>		<b>Plural</b>
We <b>have</b>		We <b>had</b>
You <b>have</b>		You <b>had</b>
They <b>have</b>		They <b>had</b>

“**Have**” is usually used for **ownership, ability, or for a description....**

- ❖ I **have** a new car.
- ❖ They **have** time to go to the movies.
- ❖ She **has** brown eyes.
- ❖ He **has** a beard.





# Have

...but the word “have” is also a very popular substitute for the words “**eat**” and “**drink**.”

- ✓ She **has** coffee every morning.  
(She **drinks** coffee every morning.)
- ✓ He **has** pancakes for breakfast.  
(He **eats** pancakes for breakfast.)

## For past Tense

When I was a child I **had** a dog.

**Hint:** The verb “have” is very important, therefore we will study it comprehensively later.





## Negative & interrogative

Subject + V. + **not** + \_\_\_\_\_

V.+ Subject + \_\_\_\_\_?

He **drinks** some water

He **does not drink** some water

He **drinks** some water

**Does he drink** some water ?

He **walks** 10 miles everyday

He **does not walk** 10 miles everyday

He **walks** 10 miles everyday

**Does he walk** 10 miles everyday ?

He **drove** his car carefully yesterday

He **did not drive** his car carefully yesterday

He **drove** his car carefully yesterday

**Did he drive** his car carefully yesterday?

She **wrote** a letter yesterday

She **did not write** a letter yesterday

She **wrote** a letter yesterday

Did she **write** a letter yesterday?



## shorting answers

Are you going to the beach? Yes, I am

Have you finished your meal? No, I haven't

Does she live in London? No, She doesn't

Did they like the present? Yes, they did

Will you come with me? No, I won't

Can you swim? Yes I can





Avoid these COMMON grammar MISTAKES when speaking English

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nw0X025a2nA&t=1517s>

Some useful YouTube Channels

<https://www.youtube.com/c/AJHogeEffortlessEnglish>

<https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCiVm8XcbwS8-pcDEa5lFXIA>

<https://www.youtube.com/c/ZAmericanEnglish>

