## Al-mustaqbal University collage

## Biomedical Engineering Department

Class: First
Subject: Computer Skills \& Programming Lecture 5: CONDITIONAL SELECTION STATEMENTS

## BY

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## CONDITIONAL SELECTION STATEMENTS

C++ programming language provides tow conditional selection statements. They are:

1. if statement.
2. if .... else statement.

## 1. if statement.

The if statement allows to execute an instruction or block of instructions only if the specified condition is true. It has the following syntax :
if ( conditional expression)
\{
Block_of_statements;
\}

## General Form of single block selection If statement:

```
If ( expression or condition )
    {
        statement1;
        statement2;
        statement3;
    }
```


## Example 1:

Write a c++ program to read any two numbers and print the largest value of it :

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main(){
int x,y;
cout<<"Enter any two numbers\n";
cin>>x>>y;
if(x>y){
cout<<"largest value is"<<x;}
getch();}
```


## output:

C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\الاكبر.exe


## Example 2:

\#include<iostream.h>
\#include<conio.h>
int main()\{
int $x=20$;
int $y=18 ;$
if $(x>y)\{$
cout << "x is greater than $y$ "; \}
getch();\}

## 2. if .... else statement.

This statement is used when we have two choices, it is written as follows:
if (condition)
\{
Block1_of_statements;
\}
else
\{ Block2_of_statements;\}

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main(){
int x;
cin>>x;
1f (x % 2== 0)
{
    cout << "x is even";
}
else
{
cout << "x is odd"; }
getch();}
```

Output:
$C: \backslash B C 5 \backslash B I N \backslash N O N A M E O 0$.exe


## 3. Else if statement.

if (condition1) \{
// block of code to be executed if condition1 is true
\} else if (condition2) \{
// block of code to be executed if the condition1 is false and condition2 is true
\} else \{
// block of code to be executed if the condition1 is false and condition2 is false \}

```
int time = 22;
if (time < 10) {
    cout << "Good morning.";
} else if (time < 20) {
    cout << "Good day.";
} else {
    cout << "Good evening.";
```

\}

## output:

Outputs "Good evening."

## Thank you

