

3 Short answers

Answer the questions about you.
Use short answers.

1 Do you smoke?

Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

2 Do you like science fiction?

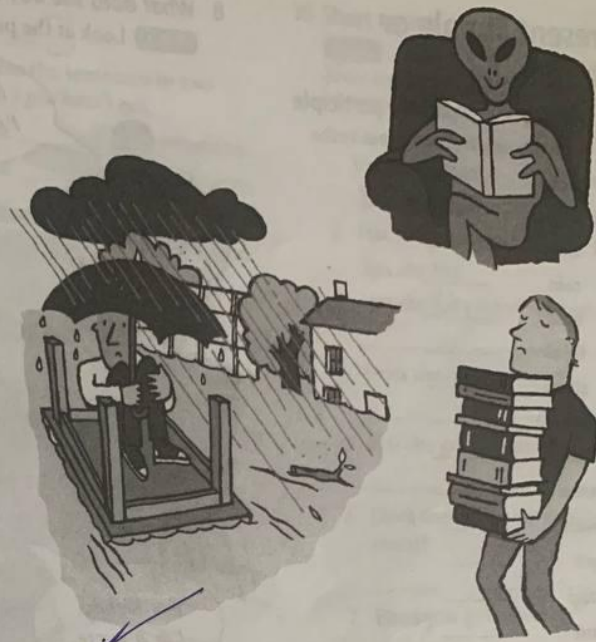
3 Do you dream a lot?

4 Do you listen to the radio?

5 Do your parents read a lot?

6 Does your teacher give you a lot of homework?

7 Does it rain a lot in your country?



4 Third person singular

Write the third person singular of these verbs.

1 help helps

2 watch watches

3 want _____

4 go _____

5 carry _____

6 catch _____

7 think _____

8 crash _____

9 wash _____

10 read _____

11 do _____

12 fly _____

13 study _____

14 miss _____

15 eat _____

16 have _____

17 cry _____

5 Adverbs of frequency

Put the words in the correct order.

1 cinema/you/to/often/go/the/do/?

2 meat/never/eat/I/because/don't/I/it/like

3 listen/evening/the/to/parents/radio/the/my/always/in

4 holiday/how/do/have/often/a/you/?

5 sometimes/restaurant/we/Japanese/go/a/to

6 for/late/never/am/school/I

2

Present tenses • *have/have got*
Things in the house
Writing – linking words

The way we live

Present Simple

1 Making negatives

T 2.1 Correct the sentences.

- The sun rises in the west.
The sun doesn't rise in the west. It rises in the east.
- Eskimos live in Africa.

- Manchester United footballers wear yellow shirts.

- Kangaroos come from Canada.

- The sun shines at night.

- In Britain people drive on the right.



2 Making questions

T 2.2 Write the questions.

- I get up at _____.
What time do you get up?
- At the weekend I usually go to _____.

- The bank opens at _____.

- My mother comes from _____.

- My children go to _____ school.
Which _____?
- My brother works in _____.
Where _____?
- My sister drives a _____.
What sort _____?

Present Simple or Continuous?

6 Spelling of the present participle

Write the *-ing* form of these verbs.

- 1 read *reading*
- 2 swim *swimming*
- 3 come *coming*
- 4 rain _____
- 5 wear _____
- 6 think _____
- 7 shine _____
- 8 smoke _____
- 9 have _____
- 10 take _____
- 11 wait _____
- 12 get _____
- 13 stop _____
- 14 run _____
- 15 begin _____

7 Choosing the correct form

Choose the form of the verb.

- 1 I *go / am going* to work now. Goodbye!
- 2 I *read / am reading* a book about astronomy.
- 3 I *read / am reading* lots of books every year.
- 4 We *go / are going* to a party on Saturday.
- 5 Nurses *look / are looking* after people in hospital.
- 6 Annie *comes / is coming* from Ireland.
- 7 She *comes / is coming* for dinner this evening.
- 8 I *speak / am speaking* four languages.
- 9 *Do you want / Are you wanting* to go out this evening?

8 What does she do? or What is she doing?

T 2.3 Look at the picture and answer the questions.

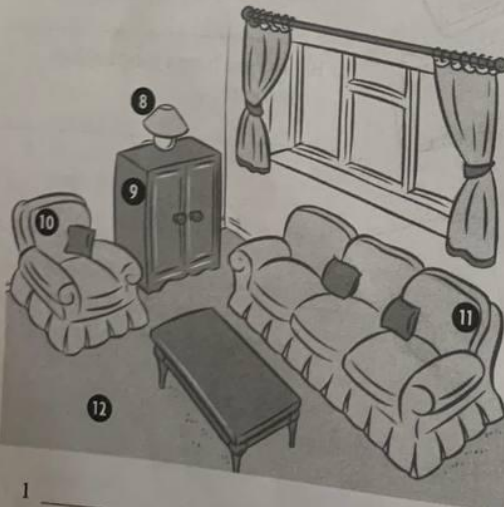


- 1 What does Wendy do? *She's a nurse.*
- 2 Is she working in the hospital now? *No, she isn't.*
- 3 What's she doing? *She's having dinner.*
- 4 What does Frank do? _____
- 5 Is he working in a restaurant now? _____
- 6 What's he doing? _____
- 7 What does Tony do? _____
- 8 Is he driving a taxi now? _____
- 9 What's he doing? _____
- 10 What does Lisa do? _____
- 11 Is she working in the kitchen now? _____
- 12 What's she doing? _____

Vocabulary

11 Things in the house
Match the words and pictures.

armchair	sofa	cupboard
bookcase	carpet	rug
window	curtains	wardrobe
chest of drawers	lamp	mirror



- | | |
|---------|----------|
| 1 _____ | 7 _____ |
| 2 _____ | 8 _____ |
| 3 _____ | 9 _____ |
| 4 _____ | 10 _____ |
| 5 _____ | 11 _____ |
| 6 _____ | 12 _____ |

Writing

12 Linking words – *but, however*

1 Complete the sentences with *and, so, or but*.

- 1 She can speak French, _____ she can't write it.
- 2 He's going to work in Moscow, _____ he's learning Russian.
- 3 I went into town. I bought some food _____ I went to the library.
- 4 I haven't got a car, _____ I've got a motorbike.
- 5 She's studying for an exam, _____ she can't come to the cinema with us.

! *But* and *however* can contrast ideas, but they are used differently. Compare these sentences. What differences can you see?

I learnt French easily, but I didn't like my teacher.

I learnt French easily. However, I didn't like my teacher.

2 Join the pairs of sentences in two different ways using *but* and *however*.

- 1 We enjoyed the holiday. It rained a lot.

- 2 He's moving to London next month. He doesn't like big cities.

- 3 She isn't English. She speaks English perfectly.

! *So* is used to express the result of the statement before. *Because* expresses the reason or cause of something.

Cause _____ → Result

It started to rain, so we stopped playing tennis.

Result ← _____ Cause

We stopped playing tennis because it started to rain.