



AL-Mustaqbal University College

Radiology Techniques Department

First Class Practical General Chemistry

First Lecture (Lab Safety)



Glassware Safety

- **1.** Do not use chipped or cracked glassware and show it to the teacher.
- **2.** If a piece of glassware gets broken, do not try to clean it up by yourself. Notify the teacher.
- **3.** Do not place hot glassware in water. Rapid cooling may make it shatter
- **4.** When pouring liquids into glassware, make sure the container is not at the edge of the table.
- **5.** Broken glassware should be disposed in a special glass disposal container.

Chemical Safety

1. Always it must be know the chemicals that you are working with and the hazards may be causing.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) must be on file and available for each chemical in the lab.

MSDS lists:

- Product Identit
- Hazardous Ingredients
- Physical Data
- Fire & Explosion Hazard Data
- Reactivity Data
- Health Hazard Data
- Precautions for Safe Handling & Use
- Control Measures
- **2.** Follow your teacher directions when using chemicals.
- **3.** During lab work, keep your hands away from your face.
- **4.** Never mix chemicals without your teacher telling to do.
- 5. Never put anything into your mouth during a lab experiment. (*Never taste any chemicals*).
- **6.** Never use mouth pipetting.
- 7. If you need to smell the odor of chemicals, do not put your nose over the container and inhale the fumes.
- 8. When diluting acids **avoid** adding the water to the concentrated acid (causing an explosion, which can splash acid on you).

 Therefore, you must add acid slowly to water.
- **9.** Notify your teacher if any spills or accidents happen.



10. Store chemicals on shelves with labeling the chemicals and solutions





11. Storage of flammable should not be open. They must be in the container labeled with warning.



- 12. Storage of corrosives like strong acids and bases should not be open.
- **13.** After handling chemicals, always wash your hands with soap and water.
- **14.** All chemical waste must be collected properly labeled and sent for appropriate disposal.

Heating Safety

1. When heated the solution in a test tube it is very important to tilt it away from you to avoid inhaling fumes that coming from the solution.

- 2. Use tongs or protective gloves to handle hot objects.
- **3.** When heating a test tube, move it around slowly over the flame to distribute the heat evenly.



- **4.** Only glassware that is thoroughly dry should be heated.
- **5.** Make sure no flammable solvents in the surrounding area when lighting a flame.
- **6.** Turn off all heating apparatus, gas valves, and water faucets when not in use.

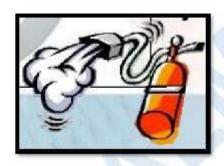


• It is important to know the correct way to act if an emergency does occur.



• It must be know the location of safety equipment, which available in the lab, including the **fire extinguisher**, **eyewash station** and **fire blanket**







Types of Injuries

* Burns:

To Do: immediately flush with cold water until burning sensation is lessened.

* Cuts, bruises

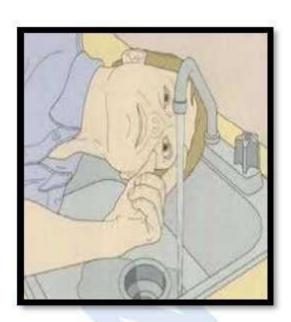
To Do: do not touch an open wound without safety gloves.

Pressing directly on minor cuts will stop bleeding in a few minutes.

Apply a coldcompress to bruises to reduce swelling.

* The Eyes

To Do: flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for several minutes. If a foreign object entered into the eye, do not allow the eye to be rubbed.



Some of hazard signed

